

LHCD simulation by ASTRA/FRTC of JET discharges Part I & 2

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- **Benchmark ASTRA/FRTC on JET discharges** by comparing simulation results with available experimental data:
 - Edge ECE emission (down shifted ECE emission from relativistic electrons) (TF_6sept.2012)
 - q profile from EFIT / polarimetry or MSE
- The reasons for such benchmarking are:
 - physical understanding of present experiments within the limit of the linear model
 - planning LHCD experiments in JET next campaign



EFJET The focus here will be on

- A qualitative comparison of the simulated I_{LH}(t) signal with the edge ECE signal
- Comparison between the simulated q profile and the EFIT q-profile constrained to polarimetry and MSE
- Physical understanding concerns the role of Collisional Absorption (NRCA) of LH wave power
 - Is NRCA important in JET plasma conditions ?
 - Are there any conditions where it can play a role?
 - Can it prevent LH power to enter into the plasma?





- Input data to ASTRA from TRANSP run
 - i.e. plasma parameters and H&CD sources (different from LHCD) from TRANSP
- Interpretative ASTRA run, except for
 - the current diffusion equation (solved)
 - LHCD profiles calculated self consistently by FRTC (Fast Standard Ray-Tracing Fokker Planck code)



EFJET Choice of JET shots to simulate

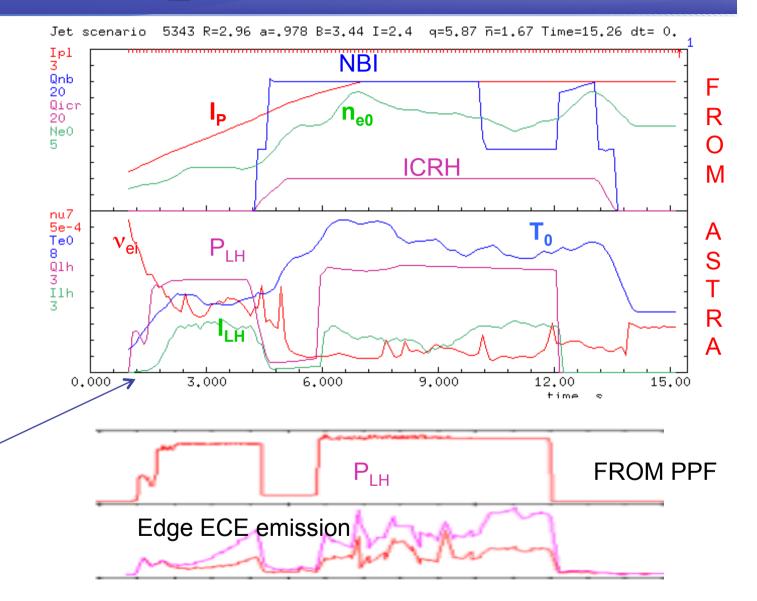
- Choice high density "puzzling" discharges
 - where experimental LHCD effects into the plasma clearly change in time.
- LHCD during the ramp up phase
 - 53430 (LHCD effects increase in time)
 - 77601 (LHCD abruptly disappears)
- LHCD during the main heating phase
 - 72835, 77893 (LHCD effects are mostly absent 1 s later the P_{LH} switch on)





- Calculated I_{LH} has a delay ~2 sec with respect to the launched P_{LH}
- Clear correlation between I_{LH} increase and v_{ei} decrease
- 1.5 s DELAY of ILH in fair agreement with ECE emission signal

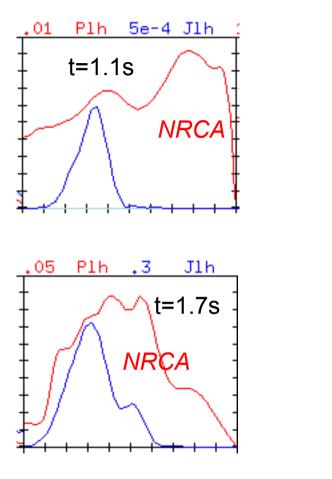
53430_simulation: time evolution

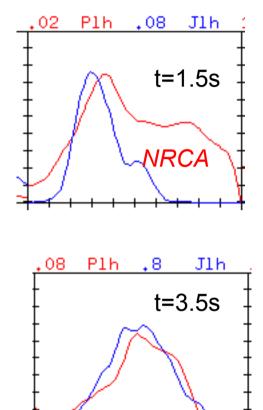






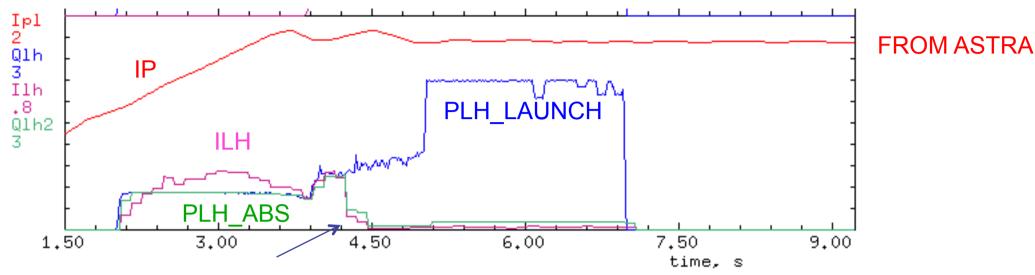
- P_{LH} and J_{LH} profiles are different
- Peripheral CA dominates at the beginning (first 3 times) avoiding LH current generation.



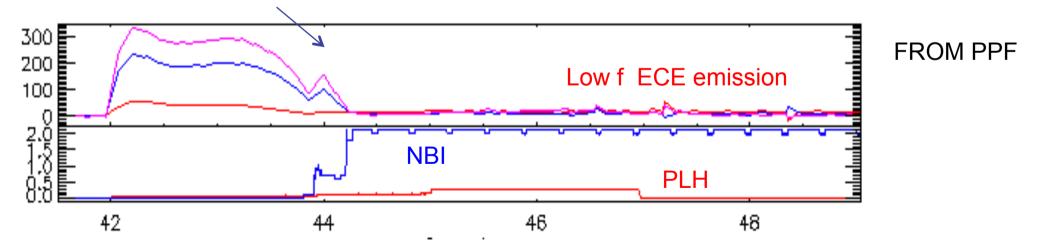








Lack of wave accessibility causes I_{LH} and $P_{LH_{ABS}}$ to drop in temporal agreement with the ECE emission behaviour

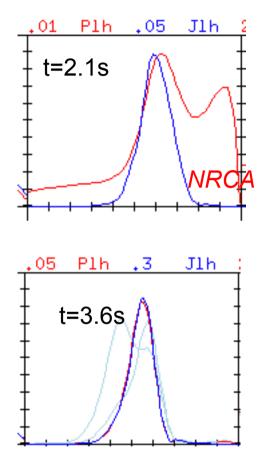


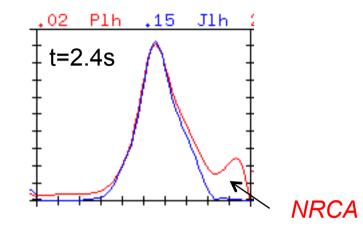
E. Barbato ISM meeting 24/10/12





77601: NRCA in the initial phase

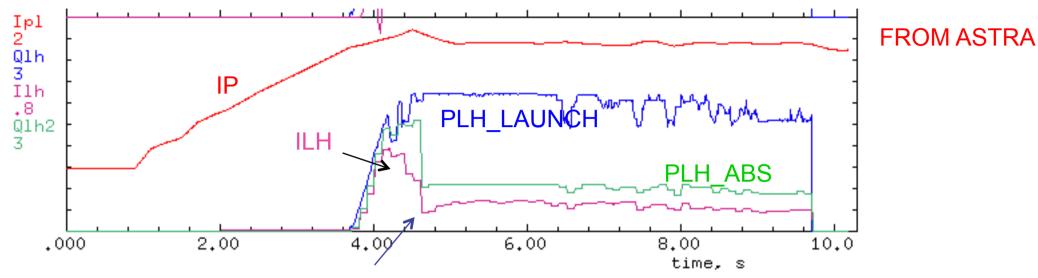




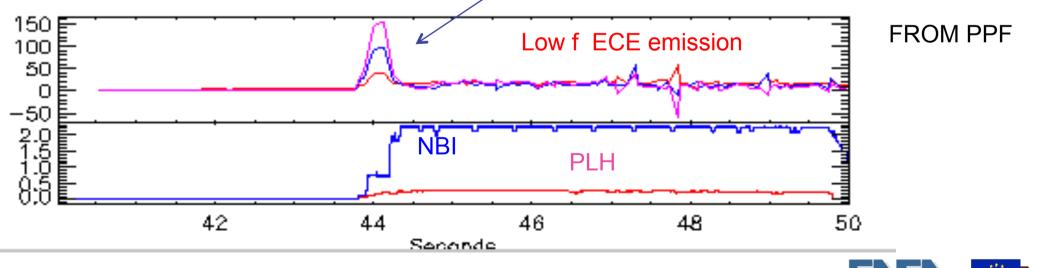
 At t>4.5s a lack of wave-accessibility prevents the wave to enter into the plasma



EFFET 77893:time evolution. I_{LH} drops after 1 s to half of its value



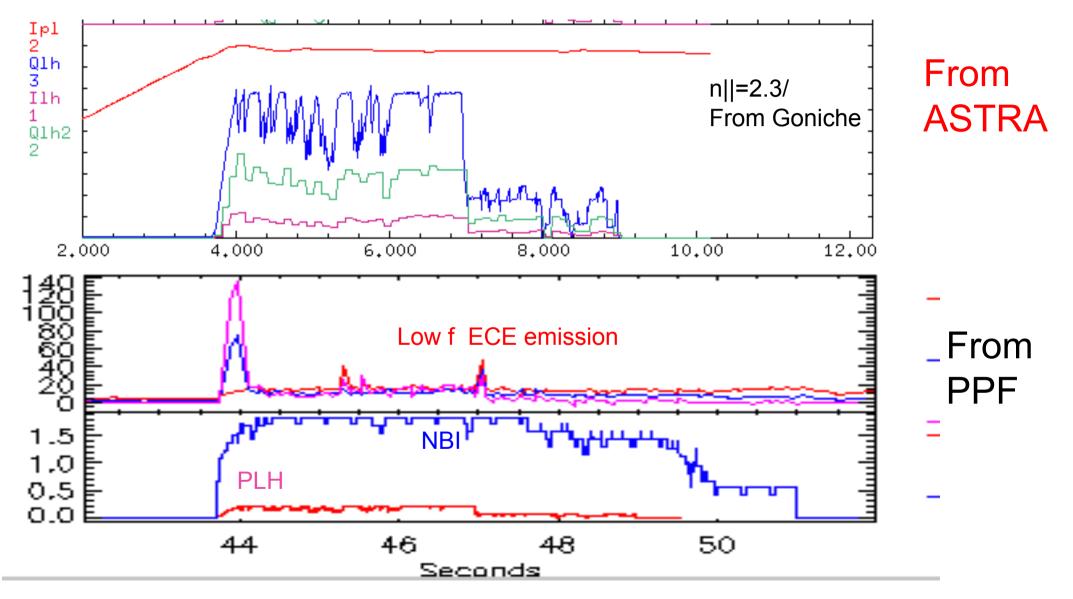
Lack of wave accessibility causes I_{LH} and $P_{LH_{ABS}}$ to drop in temporal agreement with the ECE emission behaviour





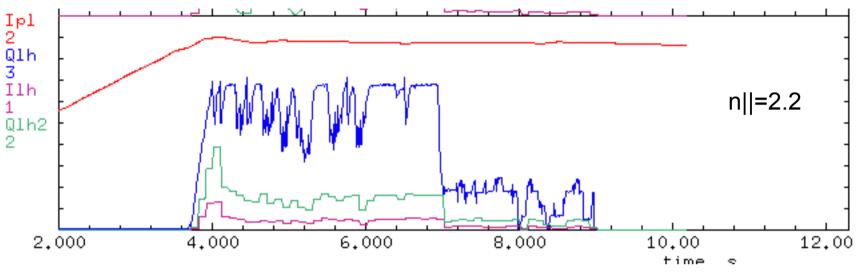


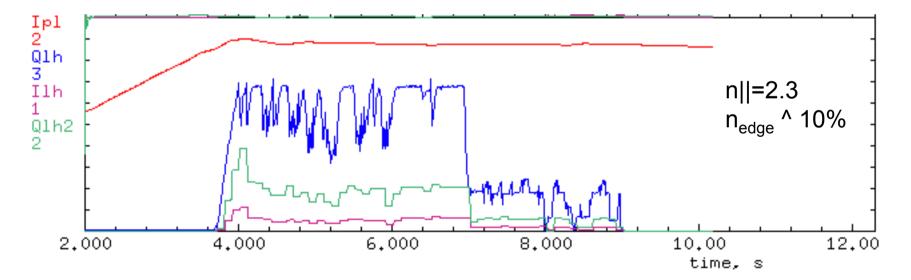
72835: temporal evolution





EFJET Lack of accessibility at n||=2.2 or if edge density just a 10% higher





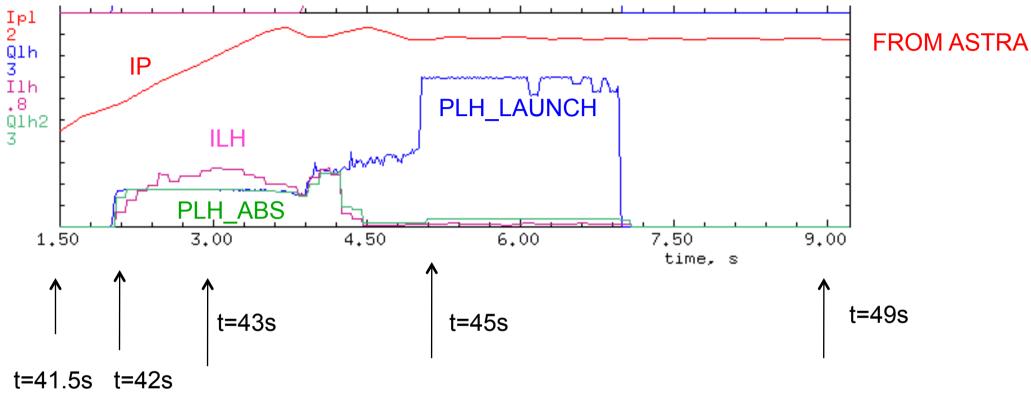




- **NRCA is "observed"** in LHCD JET discharges simulations *in the early phase of the current ramp up* (when the plasma is still collisional) in 2 discharges.
- It accounts for the temporal delay of I_{LH} (with respect to the launched power) experimentally documented by the DS ECE emission. NRCA stops as soon as vei decreases and therefore it does not prevent LHCD to affect the current profile later on during the current ramp.
- Due to the "low JET plasma collisionality" **NRCA is negligible elsewhere** and cannot be responsible of the lack of penetration of LHCD in high density JET plasmas.
- In 2 of the high density discharges (77601,77893) analyzed so far, I_{LH} drops due to total or partial lack of the accessibility exactly at the time where the ECE drops. In 77601 the I_{LH} drop is total (as ECE). In 77893 the drop is partial (50%).
- Small variations of the density in the edge and of n|| spectrum could led to a partial lack of accessibility also in the case of 72835.





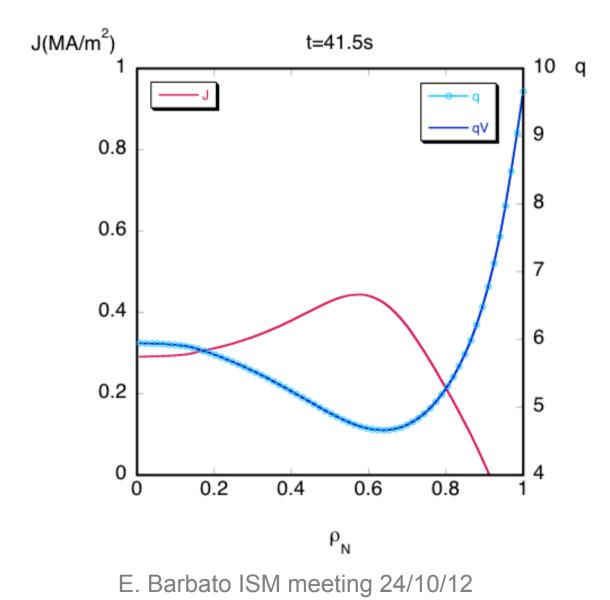


Times chosen for the comparison





Simulation/Polarimetry q_profile 77601 comparison: t=41.5s

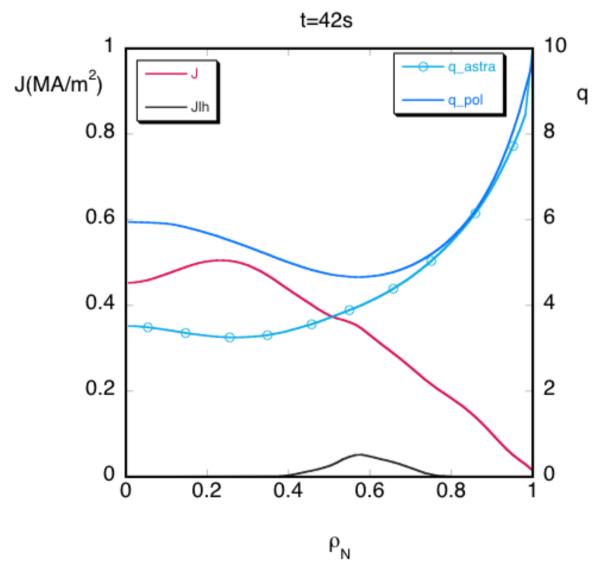


- ASTRA starting q-profile taken from EFIT polarimetry measurement
- Reversal q profile
- Hollow J profile





t=42 s: at the LHCD turn on

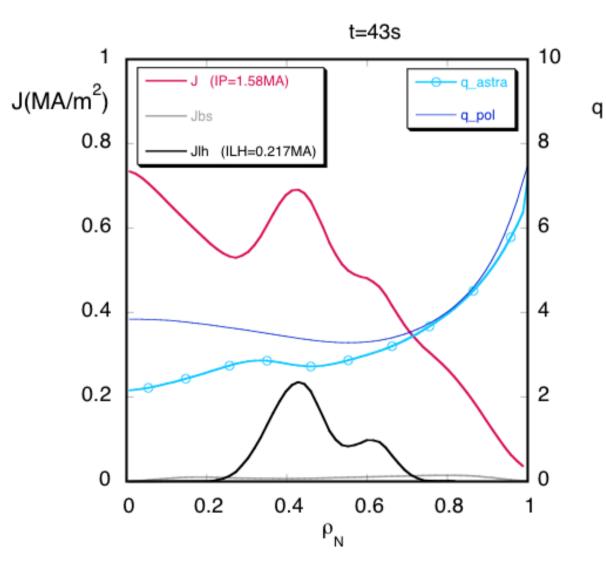


- There is a remarkable difference in the simulated and measured qprofile 0.5 s after the start
- Neoclassical current diffusion much faster then measured during the current ramp.





t=43 s : LH ON

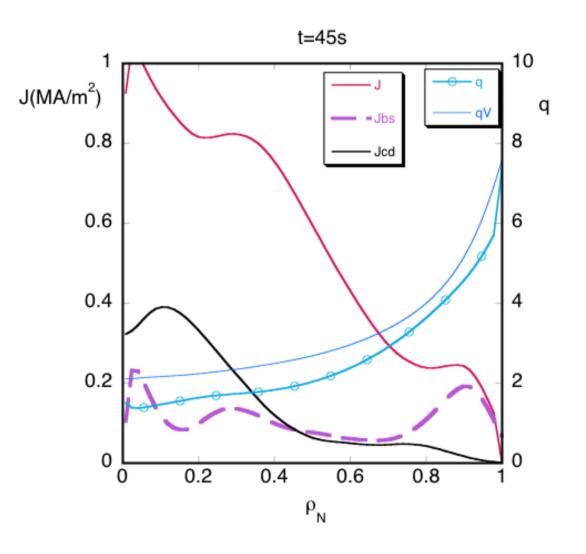


- LHCD (271KA) induces a small shear reversal
- but OH central current much higher than measured





t=45s at the NBI start

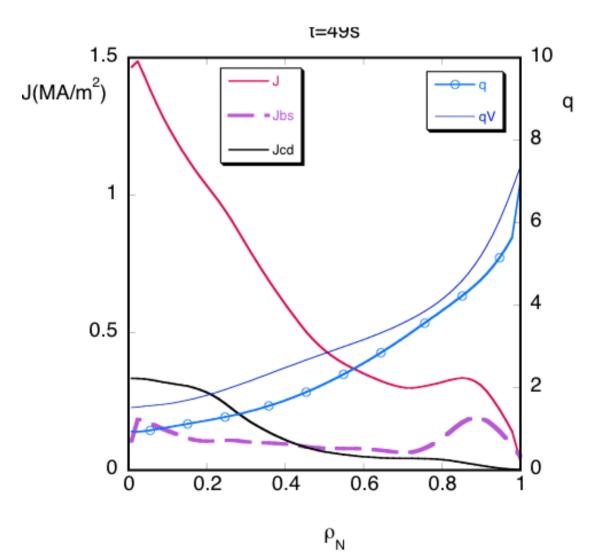


- I_{LH}=0, no accessibility
- I_{NBI}=0.315MA
- I_{BS}=0.433MA
- I_{PL}=1.74MA
- simulated and measured
 q_prof. have
 similar shapes
- but edge boots. current seems higher in simulation ?







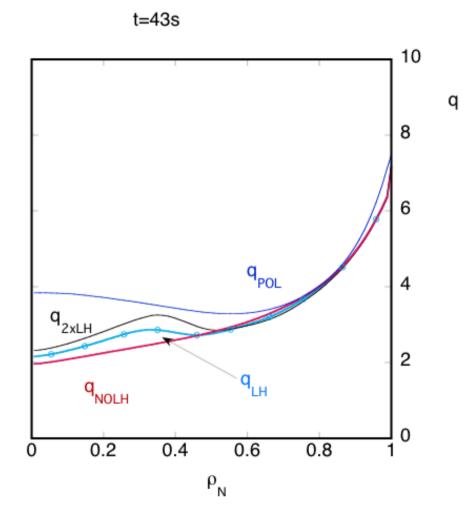


- J is still peaking
- Simulated and measured q0 are still landing toward 1
- No ST observed in the expt.





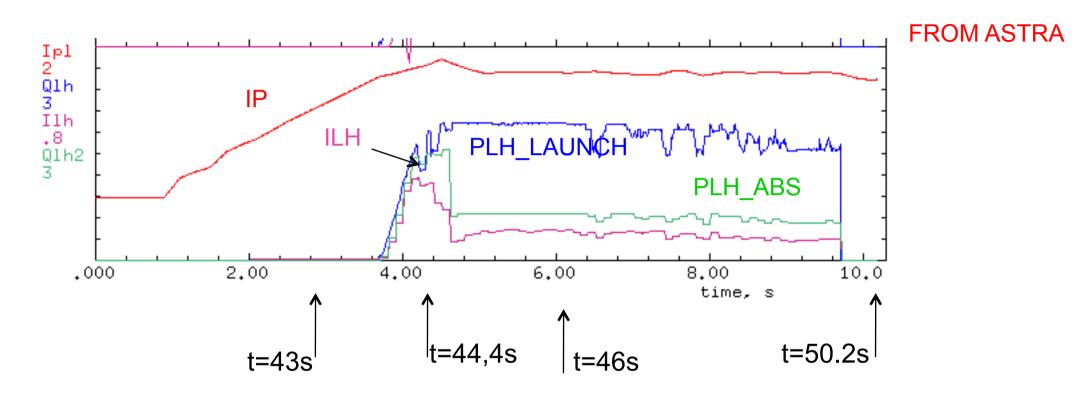
Exercise: changing the LHCD power



- ASTRA runs
 - at 2x P_{LH} (1MW)
- at P_{LH} (77601, 500kw)

• at P_{LH}=0



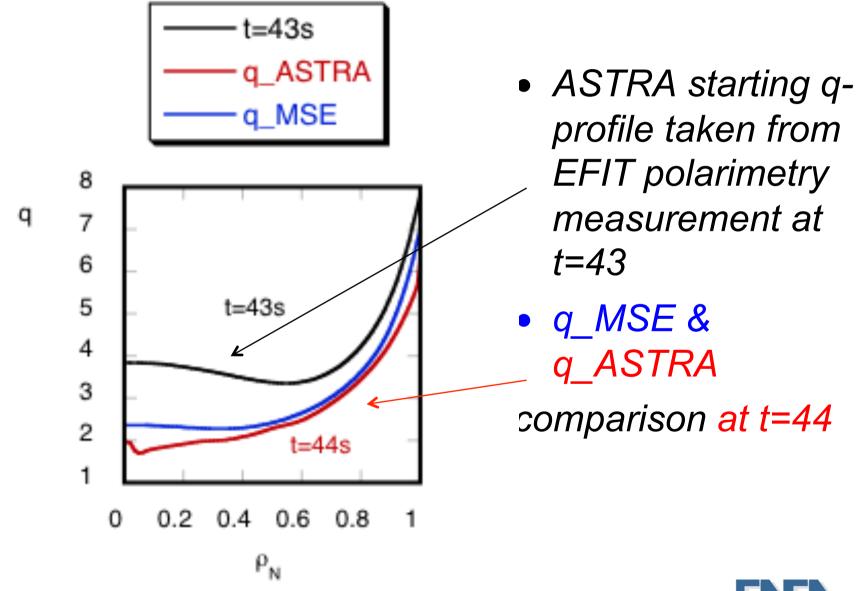


Times chosen for the comparison





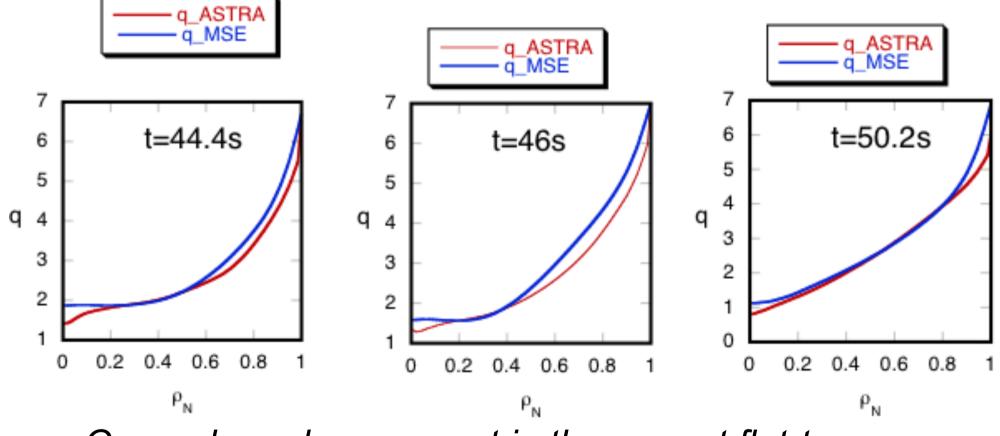
Simulation/measured q_profile 77893 comparison: t=43s & 44s







77893:comparison later on

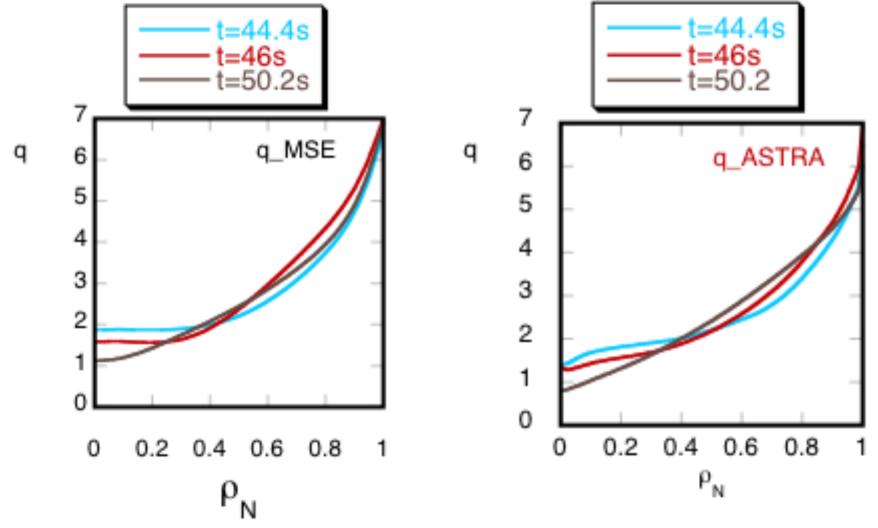


• General good agreement in the current flat-top





77893:Profile time evolution

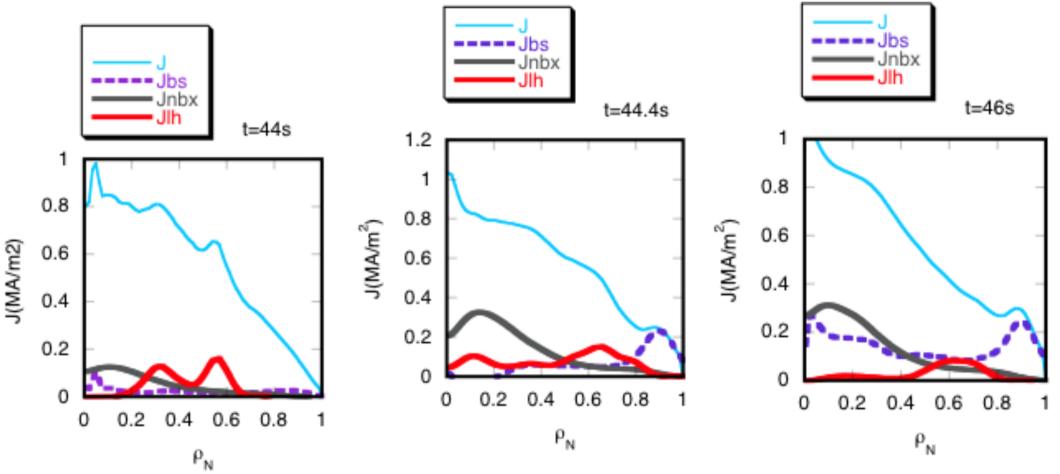


• *q*₀ is always lower in the simulation





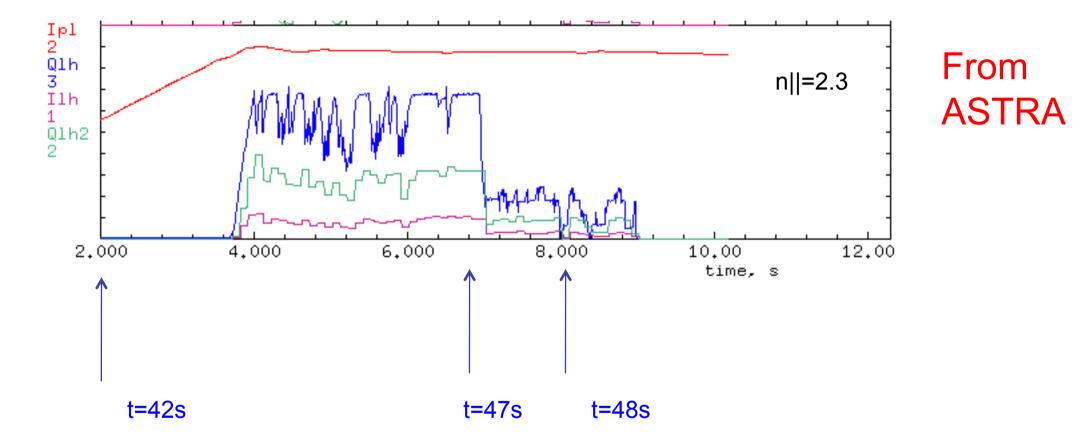
77893:J-profiles







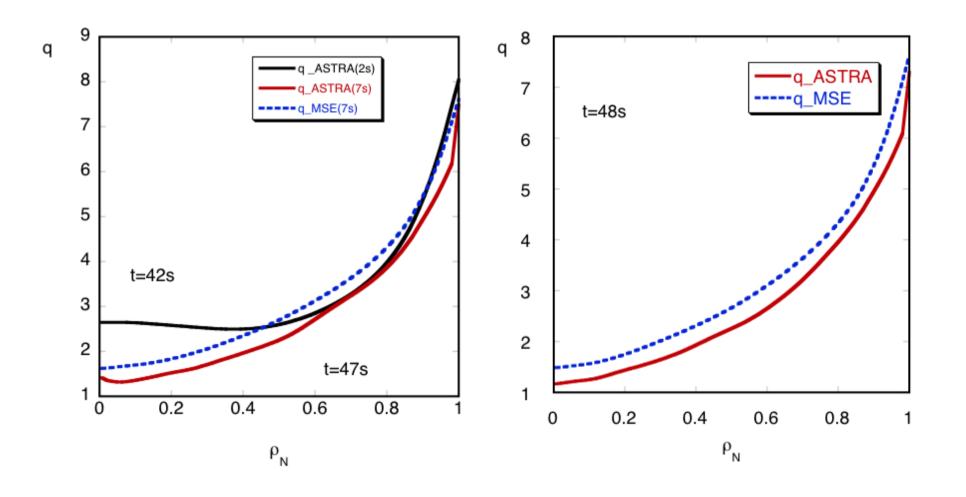
72835: main heating phase







72835: q-pofile comparison



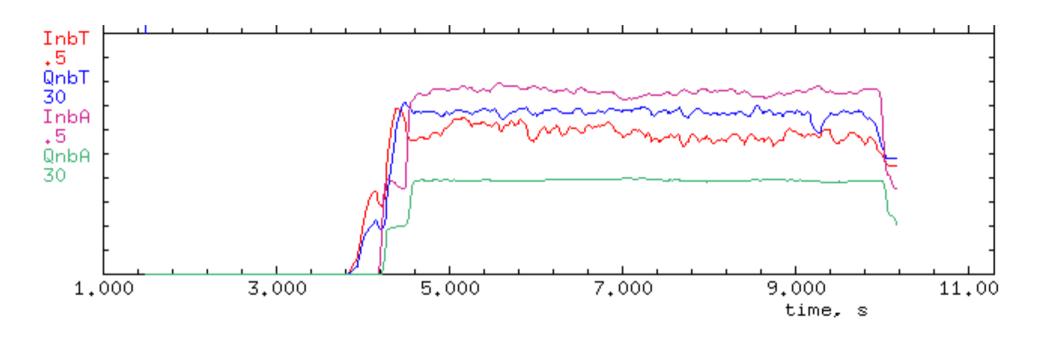




- During the current ramp (≠77601) there is a remarkable difference in the simulated and measured q-profile 0.5 s after the start (where q profile are chosen equal) indicating that neoclassical current diffusion is much faster then measured during the current ramp.
- LHCD (271KA)induces a small shear reversal, but OH central current much higher than measured
- On the contrary during the current flat top, simulated and measured q profiles are in good even though q₀ is always lower in the simulation



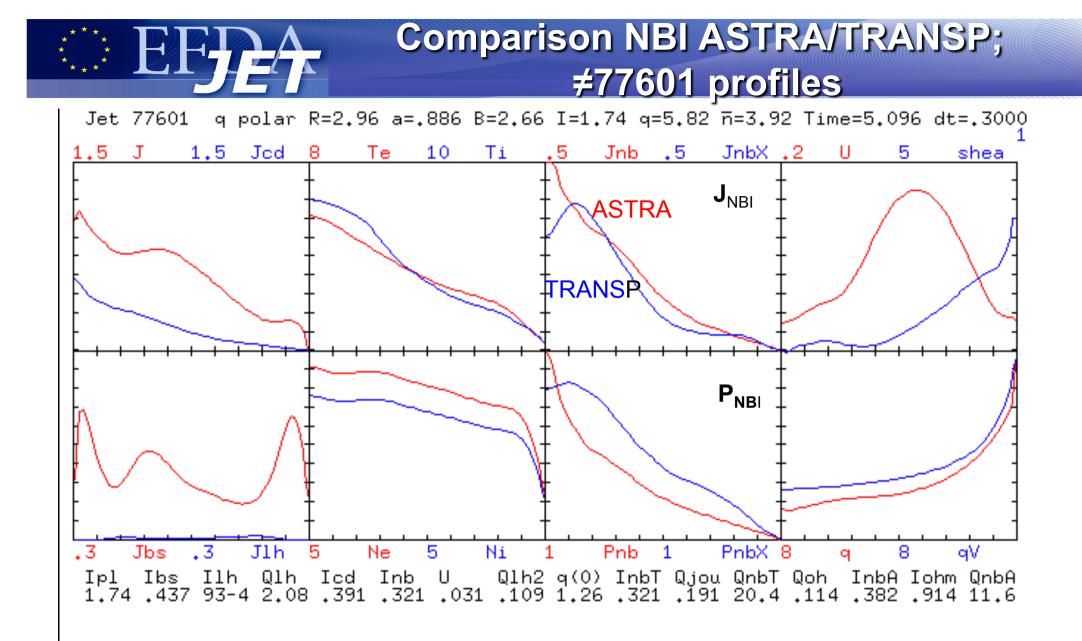
Comparison NBI ASTRA/TRANSP; temporal evolution ≠77601



• Absorbed power by ASTRA is 60% of QNBI by TRANSP but driven currents are similar from both!







 I_T =321kA, Q_T =20M, I_A =382KA, Q_A =12MW



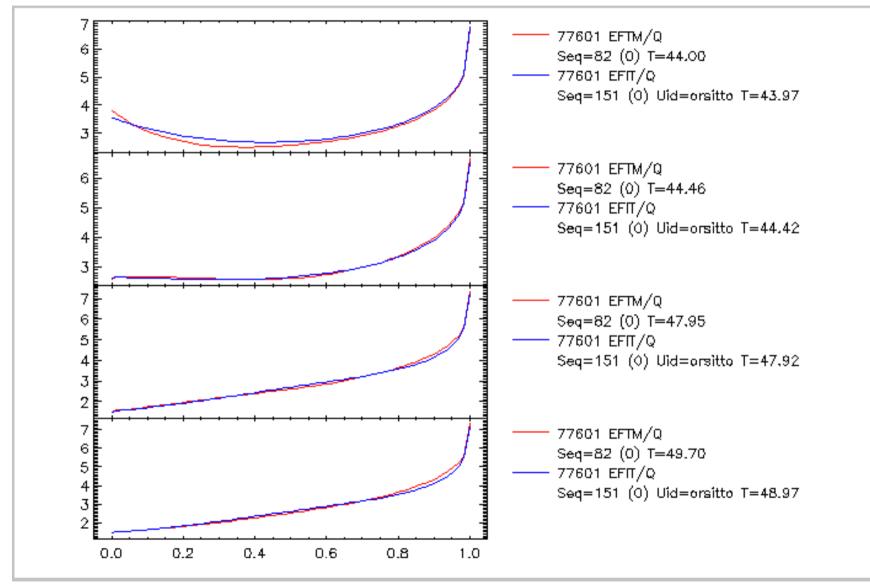


Future work

- Benchmarking activity on JET discharges is important for planning LHCD prelude experiments in the next campaign
- Run ASTRA/FRTC for #83328 to compare the simulated li and q prof. with the expt.data
- Run a discharge similar to 83328 but at higher LH power to enhance the LHCD effect on li and q.



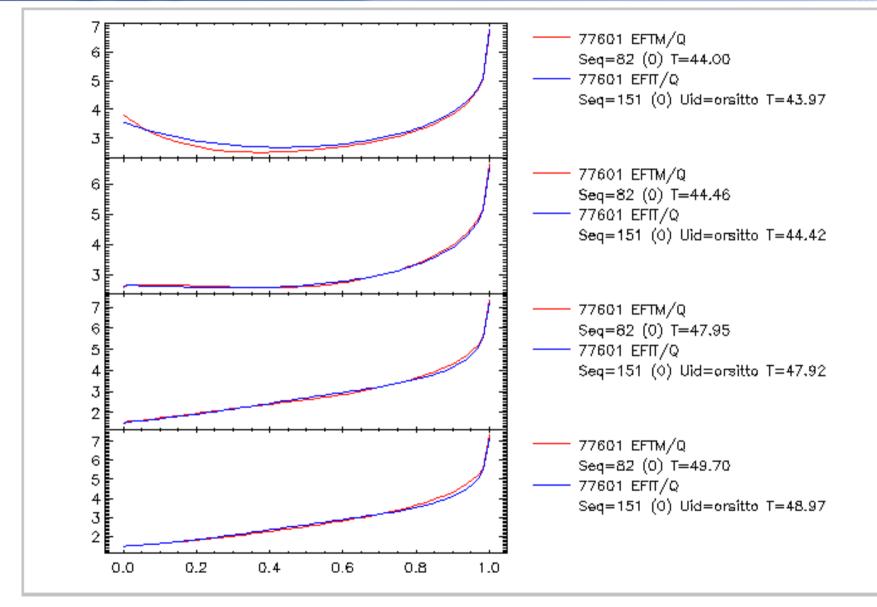
CEPT q data from MSE and polarimetry in good agreement for 77601







..and 72835







Some differences in 77893

