



Database for hybrid pulses with ILW: MHD, impurities, radiation, confinement (incl. comparison of ILW cases with C wall and baseline scenario)

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TFE1/E2 meeting 18.12.12

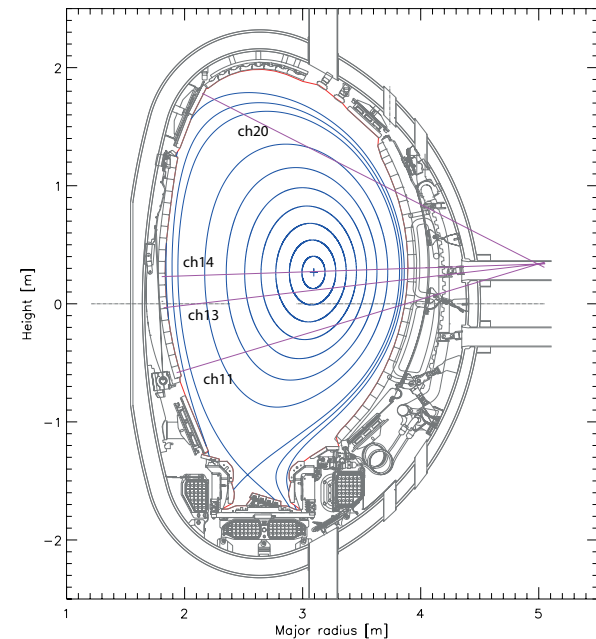
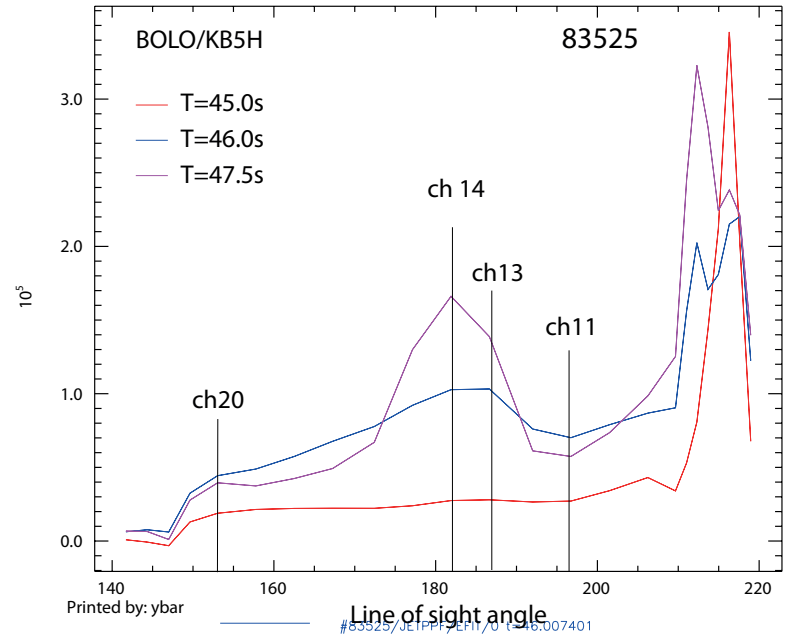
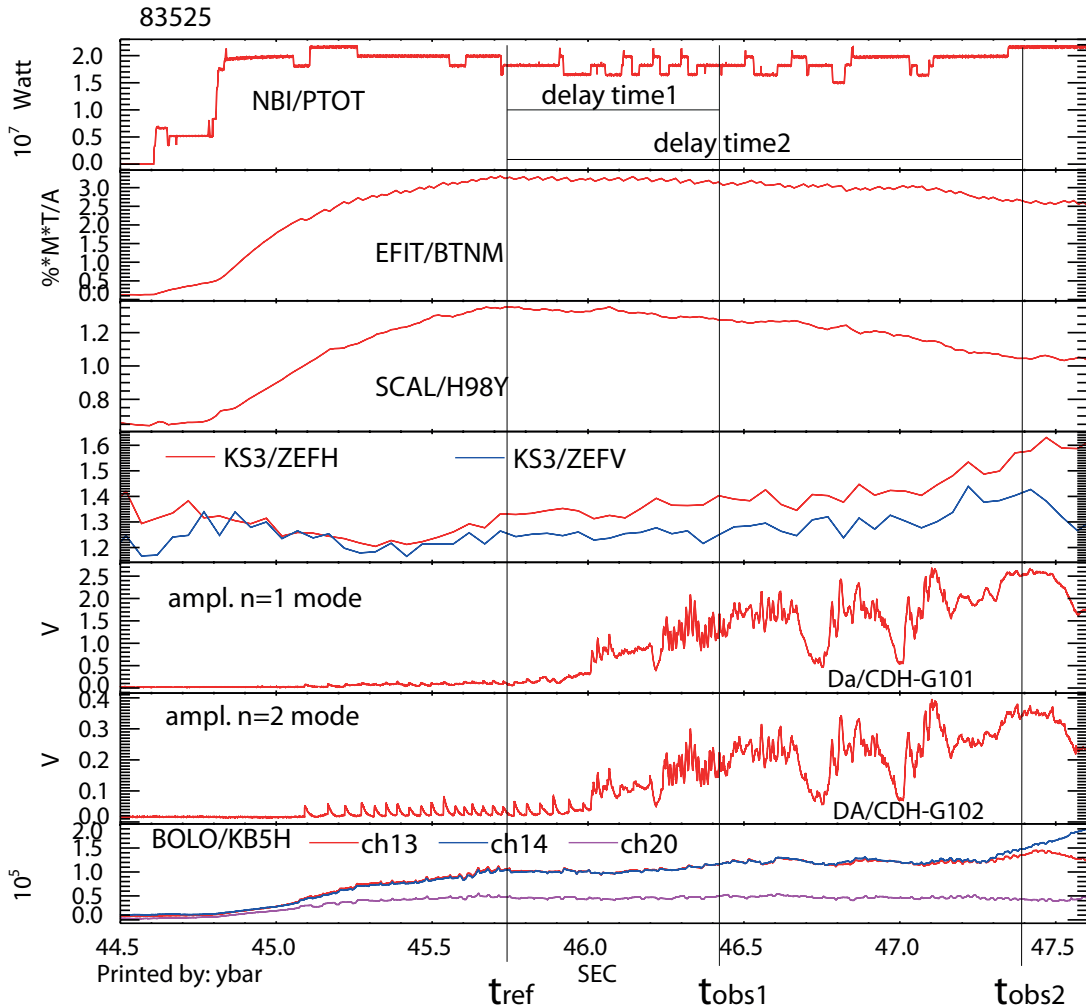
Outline:

- Database definitions and parameters
- Correlation and analysis
- Conclusions

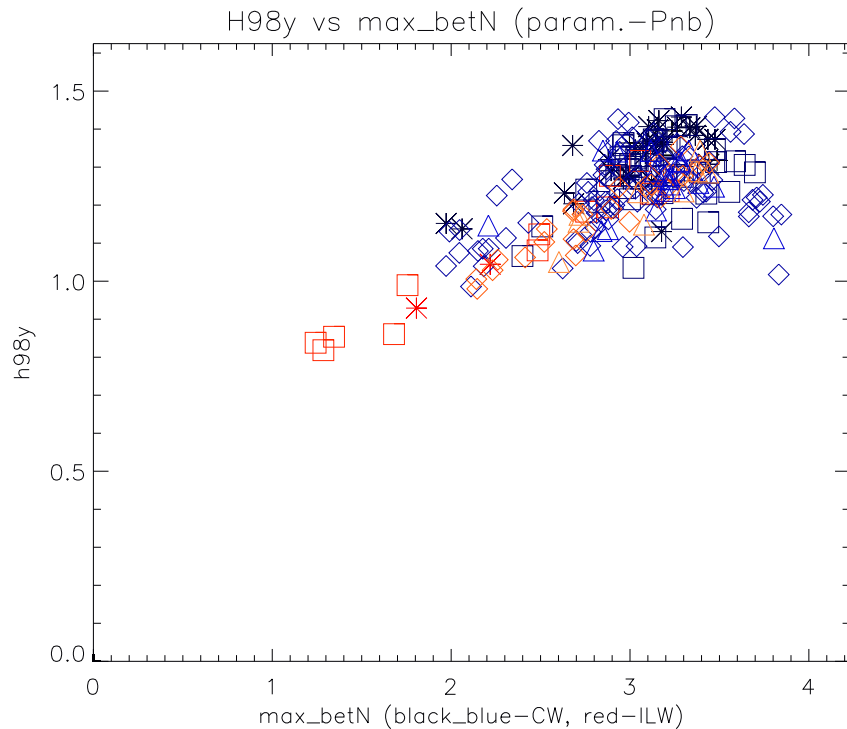
Database parameter definitions:

Max(betN)-reference time - T_{ref} ,

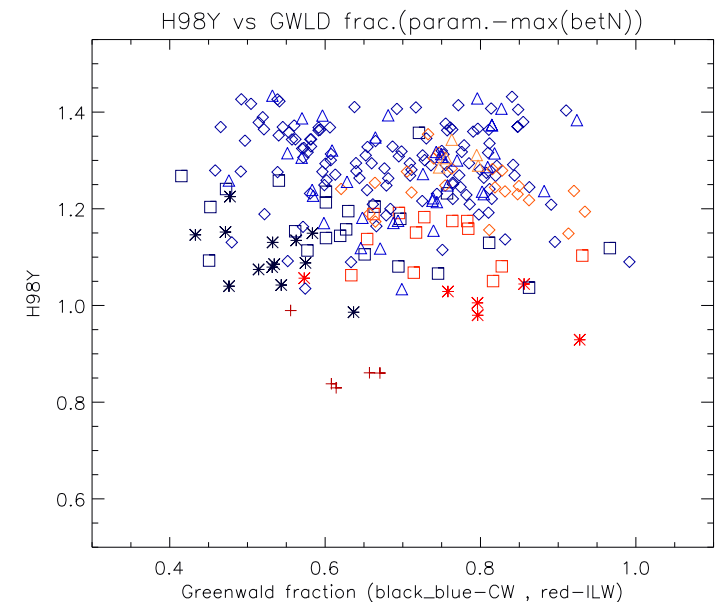
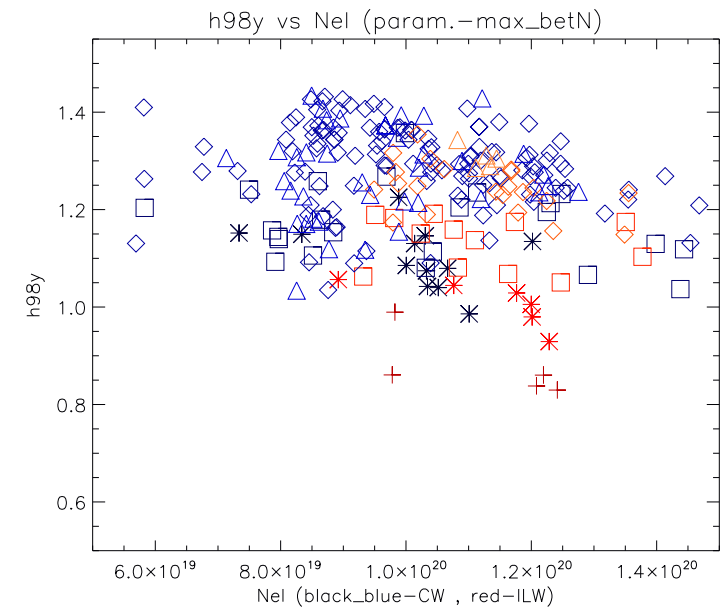
Observation time - $T_{obs} = T_{ref} + \text{delay time}$



Comparison of the H factor in hybrid pulses with ILW and C-wall at $t=t_{ref}$ (at $\max(\text{betN})$)



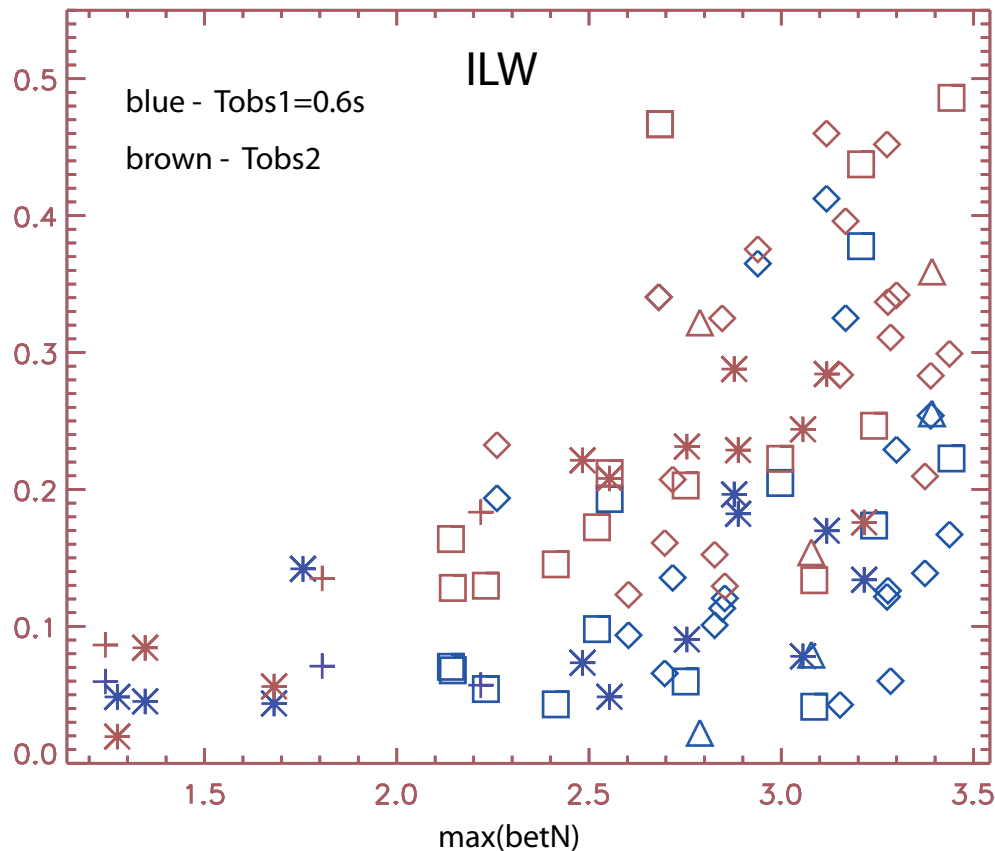
Greater part of hybrid pulses are included.
 Excluded pulses with “micro” disruptions (C-wall)
 and large radiation events at the periphery (ILW)



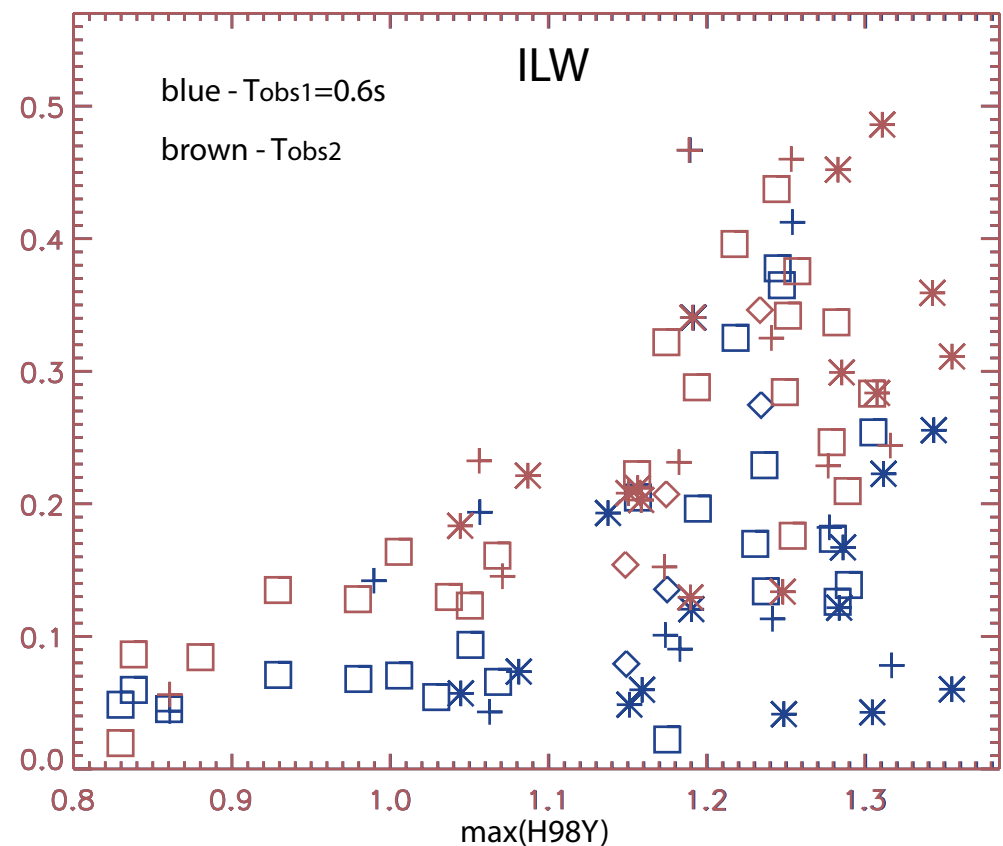
Confinement degradation in hybrid pulses with ILW

$$\text{del}(H98Y) = \max(H98Y) - H98Y(\text{tobs})$$

del(H98Y) vs max(betN) parameter Pnb

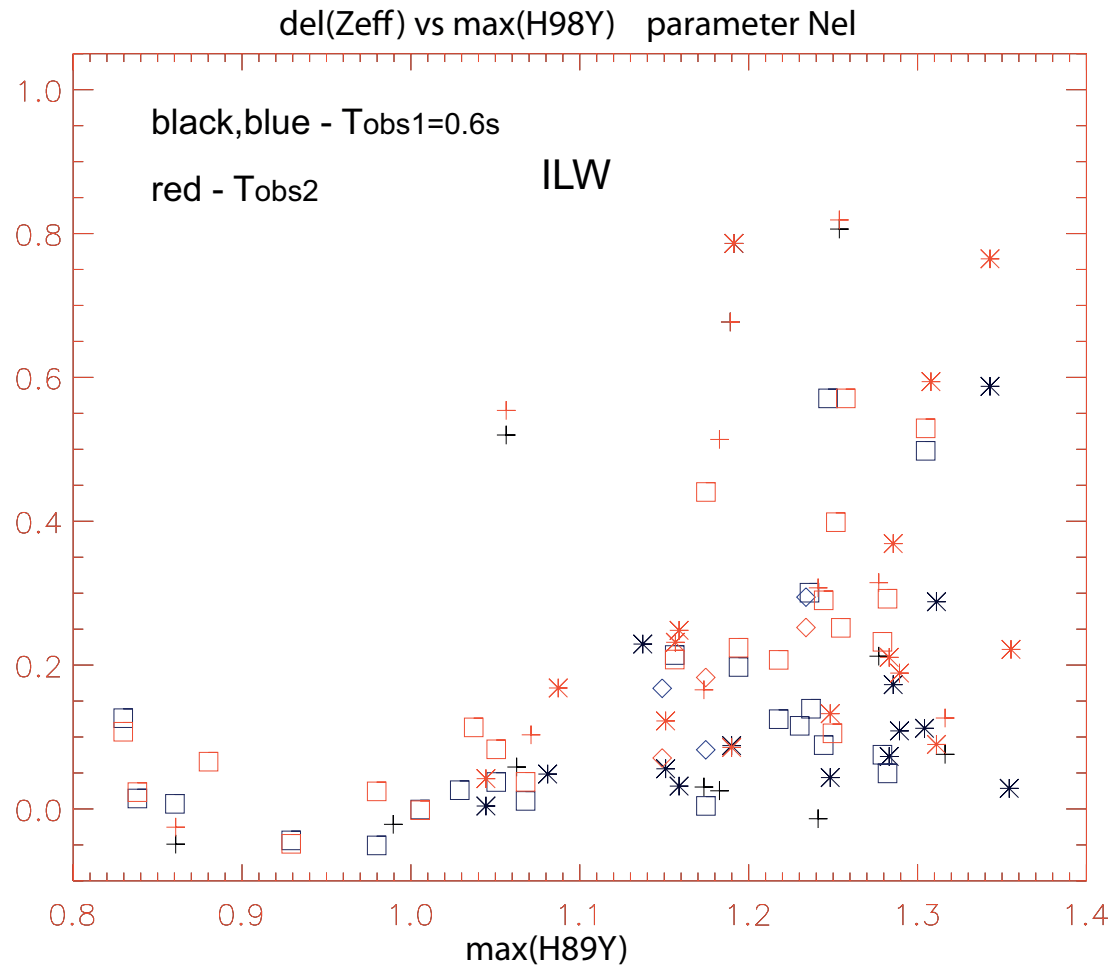


del(H98Y) vs max(H98Y) parameter Nel



Zeff increase in hybrid plasmas with ILW

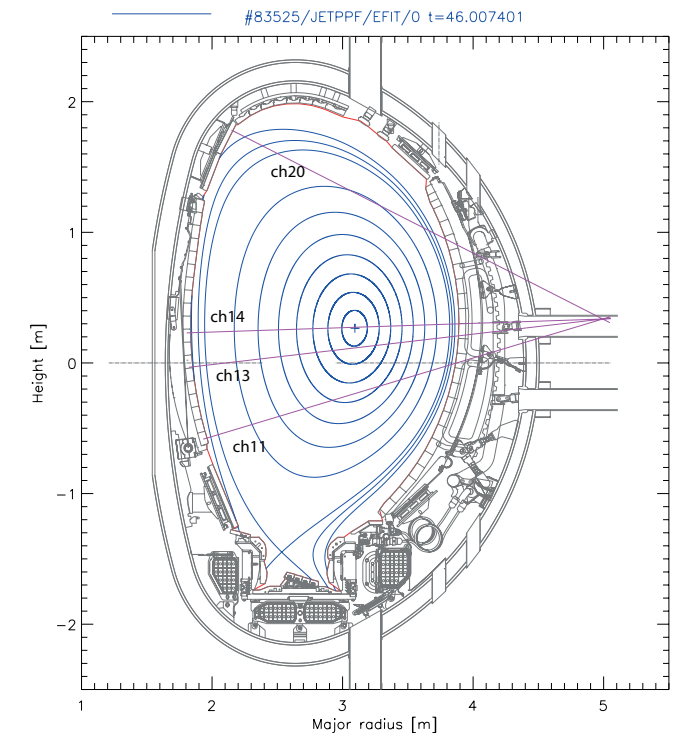
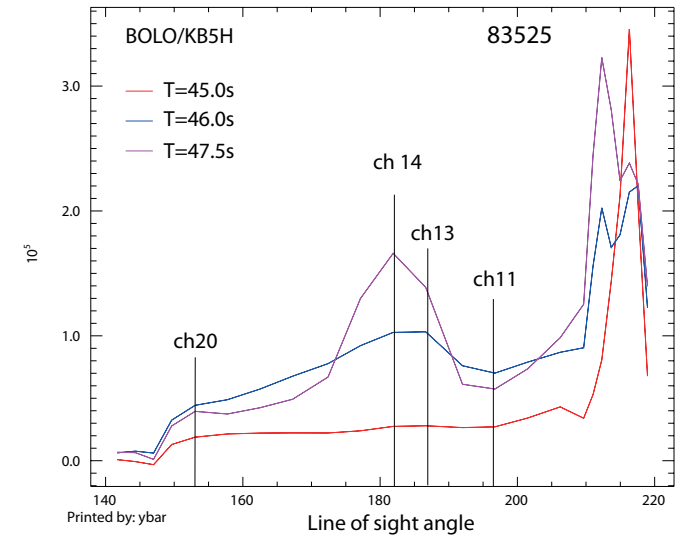
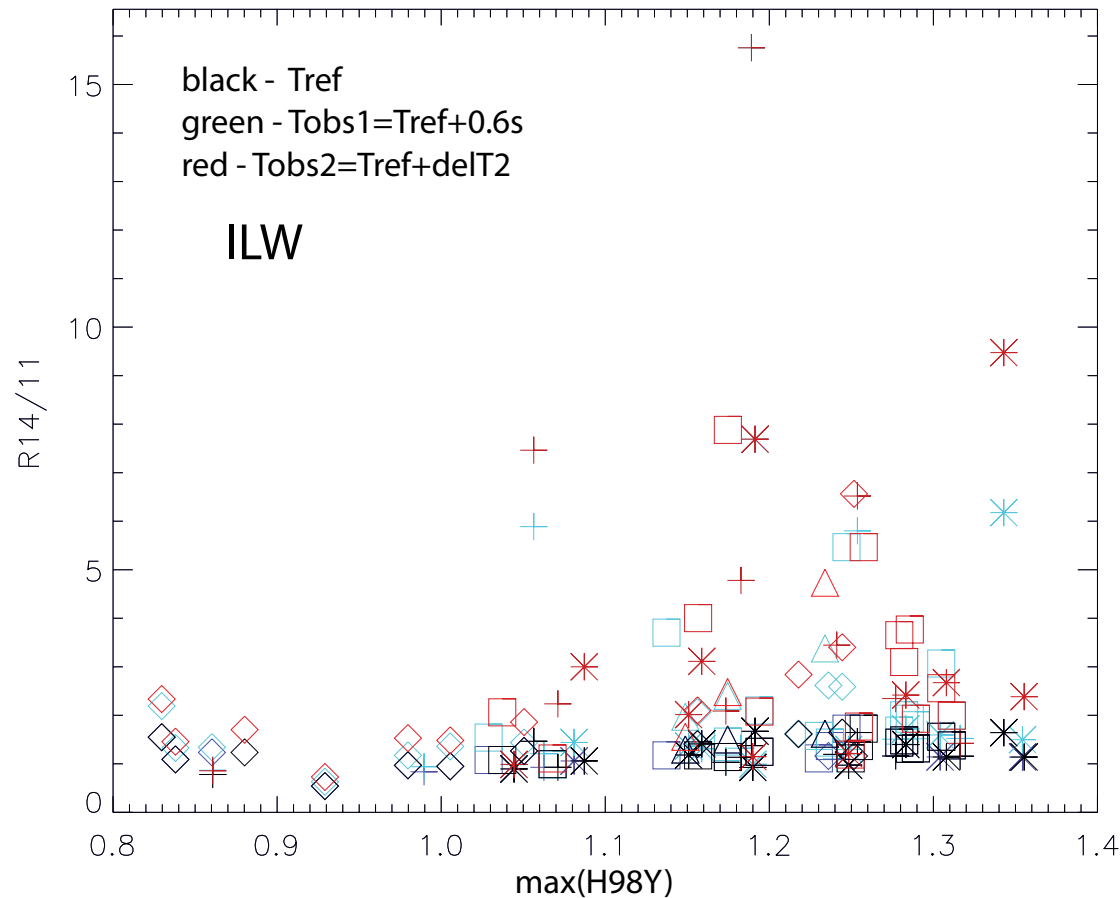
$$\text{delZeff} = ((Z_{\text{effV}} + Z_{\text{effH}})|_{\text{T}_{\text{Obs}}} - (Z_{\text{effV}} + Z_{\text{effH}})|_{\text{T}_{\text{ref}}}) / 2$$



Core radiation measured by bolometer horizontal camera (BOLO/KB5H)

Peaking of radiation is characterised by ratio:
 $R_{14/11} = \text{BOLO/KB5H}(\text{ch14}) / \text{BOLO/KB5H}(\text{ch11})$

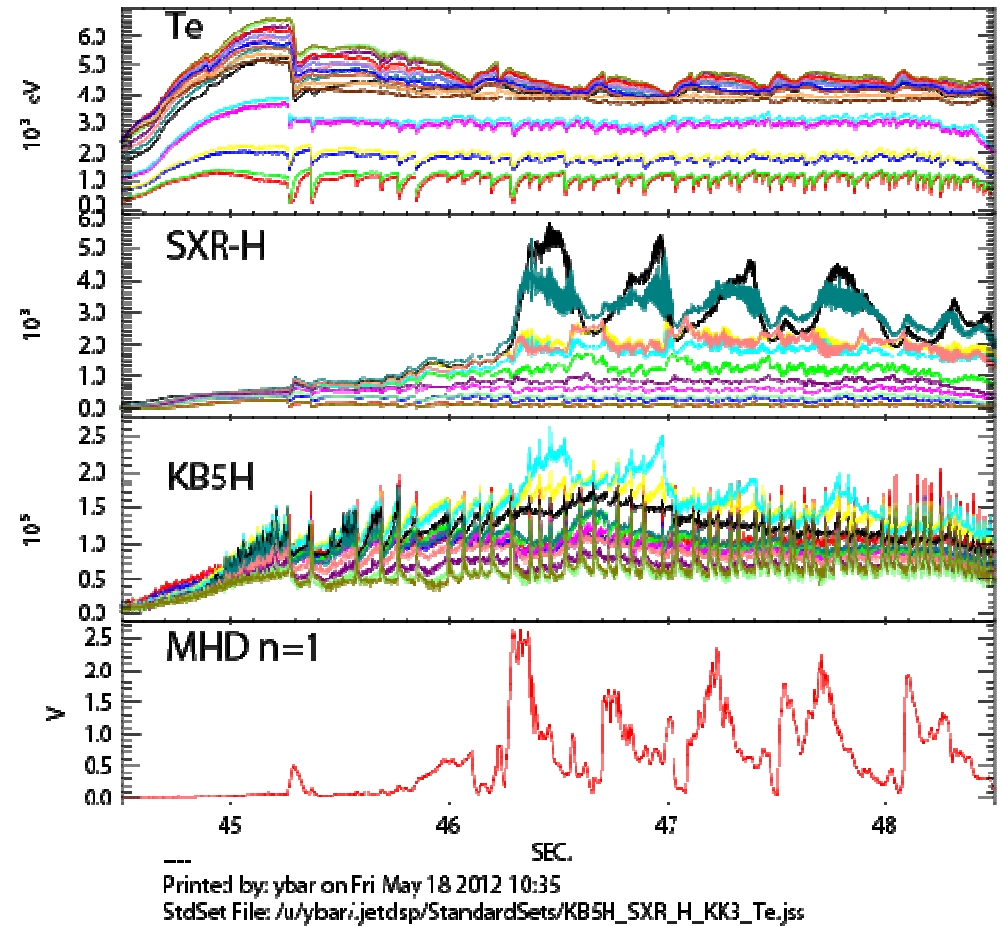
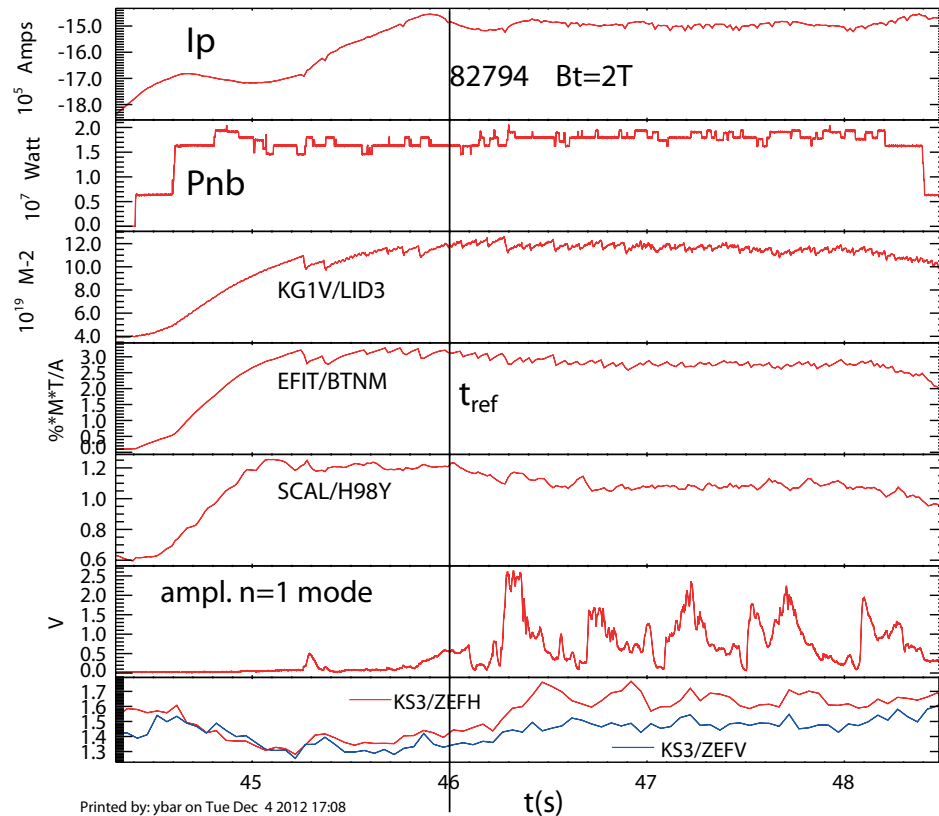
R14/11 vs. max(H98Y) parameter Nel



- Peaked radiation is caused by impurities
- What is the main impurity and its spatial distribution at the time of $\max(\text{betN})$?

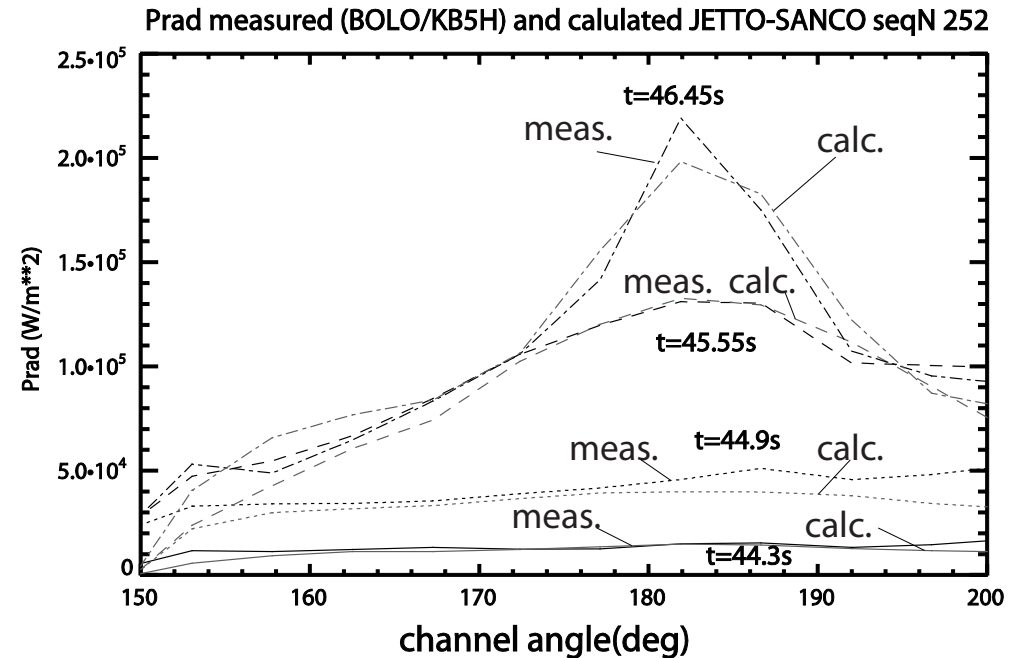
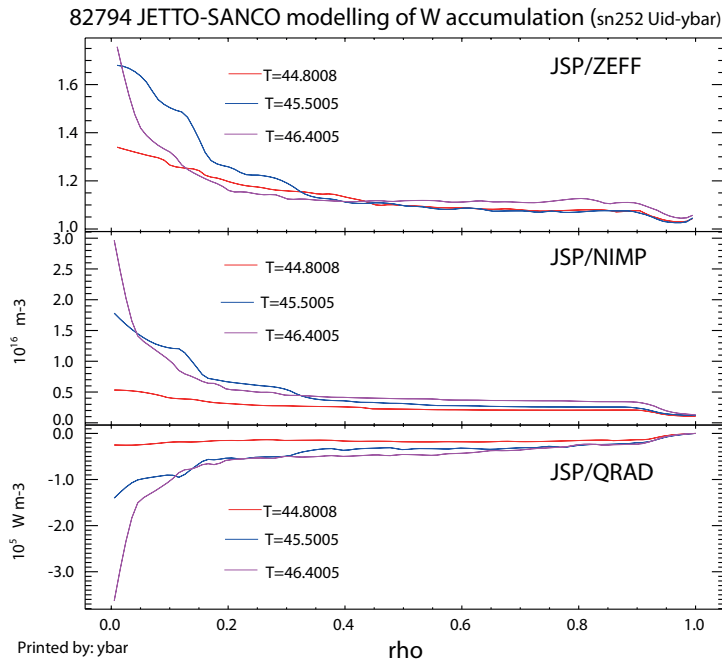


MHD, core radiation and impurities



Case 1: Heavy impurity- W

JETTO-SANCO modelling of tungsten accumulation well reproduces measured radiation profiles



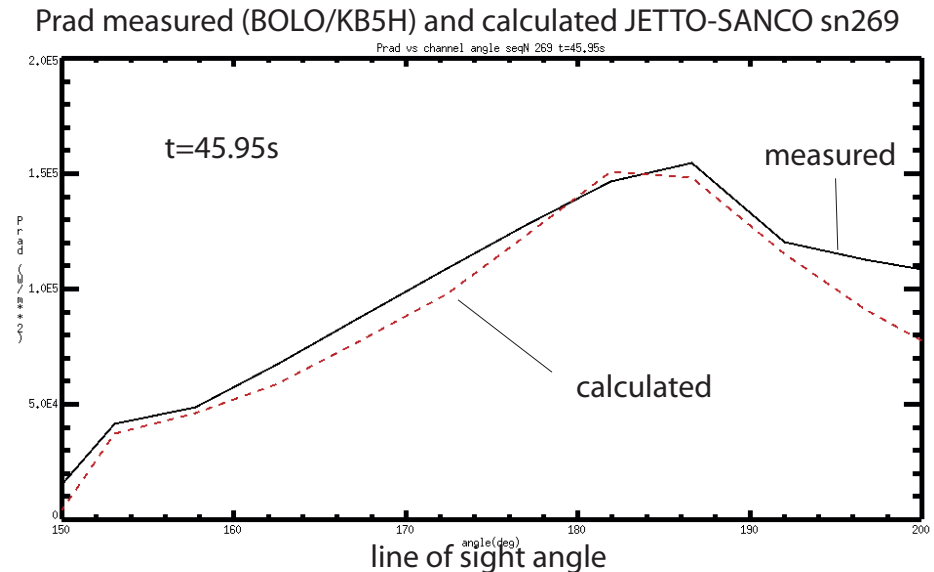
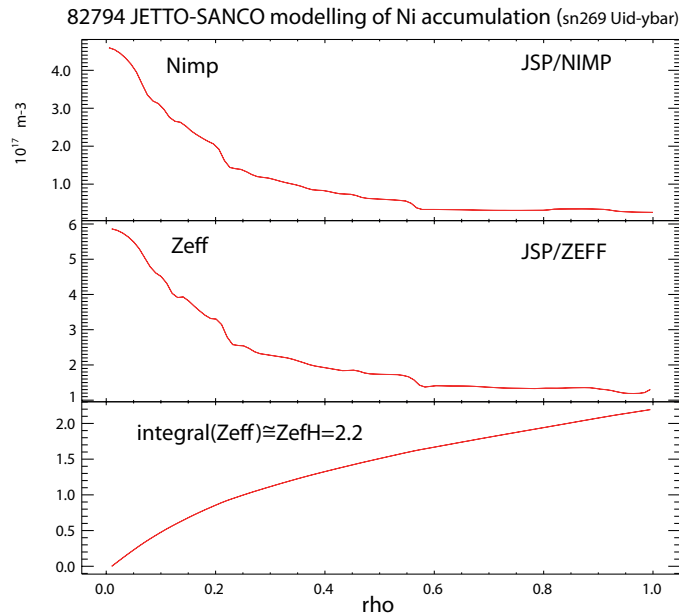
At t=45.9-46s, when betN (H98Y) reaches its maximum measured KS3/ZefH=1.4-1.5

Modelled W concentration corresponds to Zeff=1.18

Is there any room for other heavy impurities?

Case 2: Heavy impurity- Ni

JETTO-SANCO modelling of Ni accumulation well reproduces measured radiation profiles



At $t=45.9-46s$, when β_{tN} (H98Y) reaches its maximum measured $KS3/ZeffH=1.4-1.5$

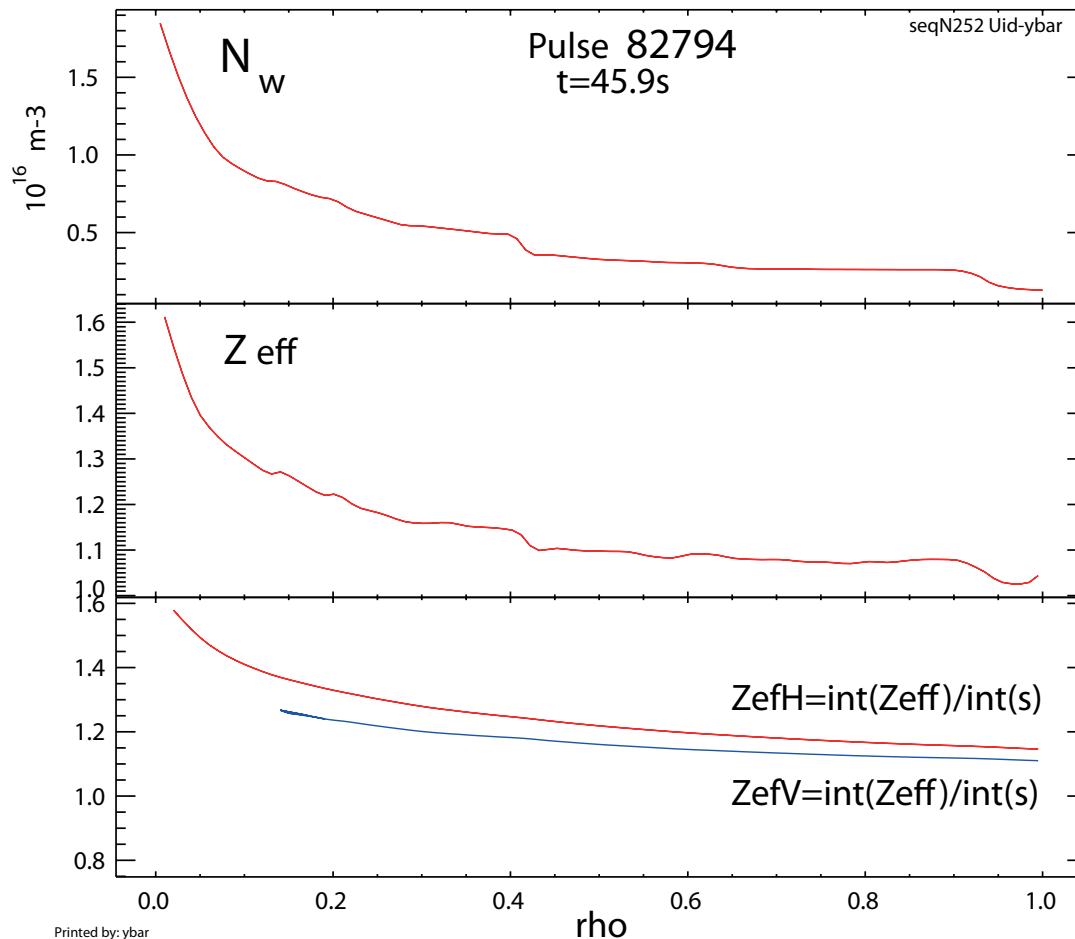
Only 35-40% of modelled Ni would introduce full measured Zeff

Conclusion: in the absence of light impurities 77% of W and 23% of Ni account for all measured Zeff and core radiation

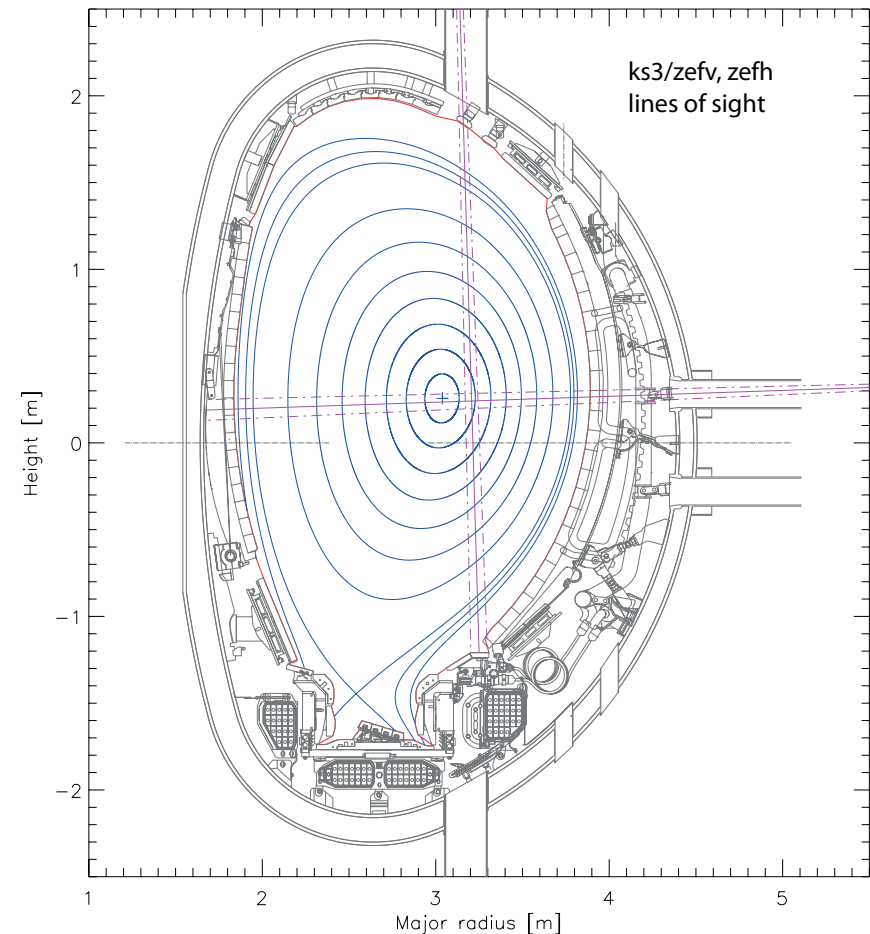
Light impurities should increase W and reduce Ni contribution

Peaking of Z_{eff} introduces difference in KS3/ZefH and KS3/ZefV signals

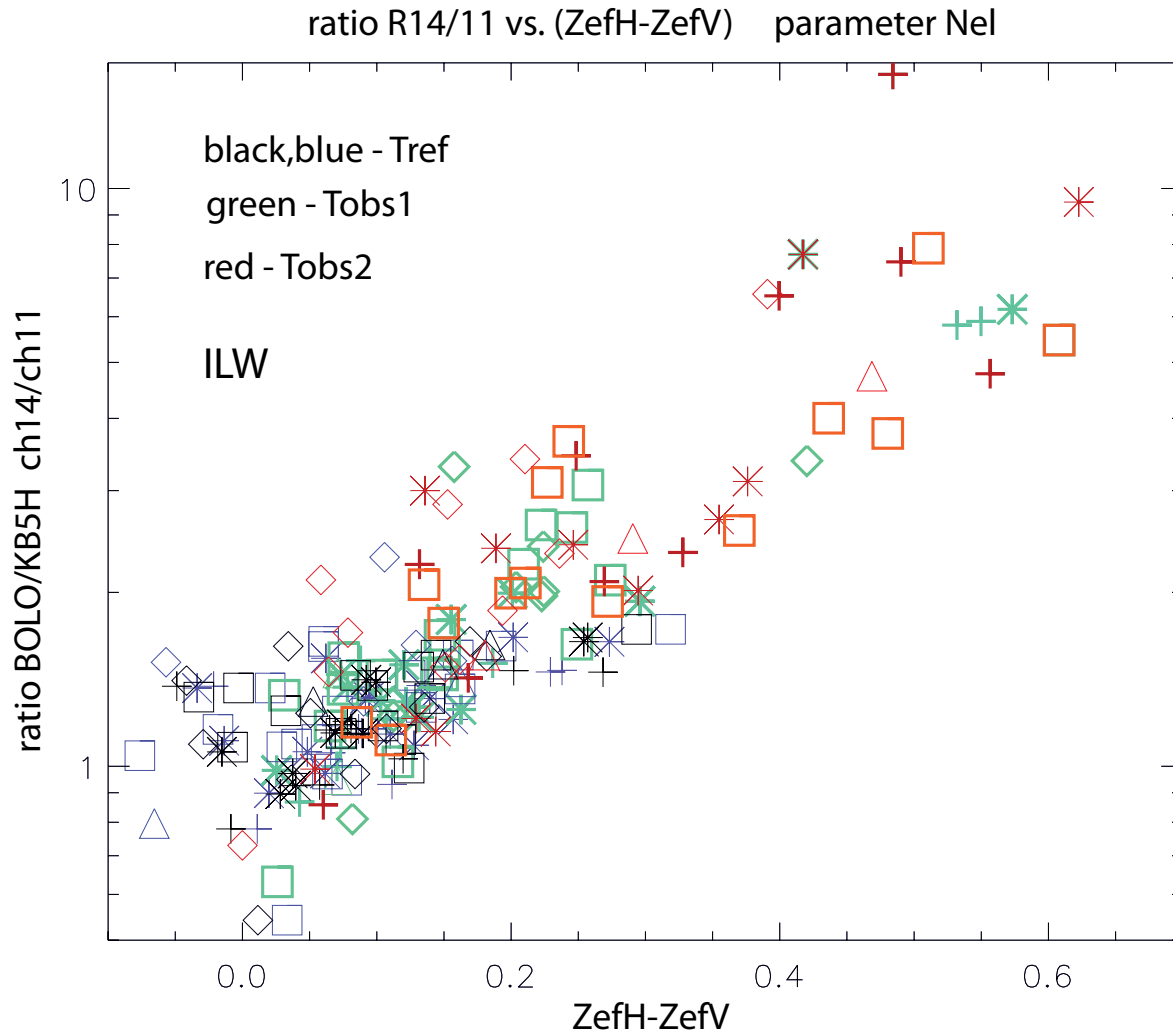
JETTO-SANCO modelling of W accumulation



#83525/JETPPF/EFIT/0 t=47.497002

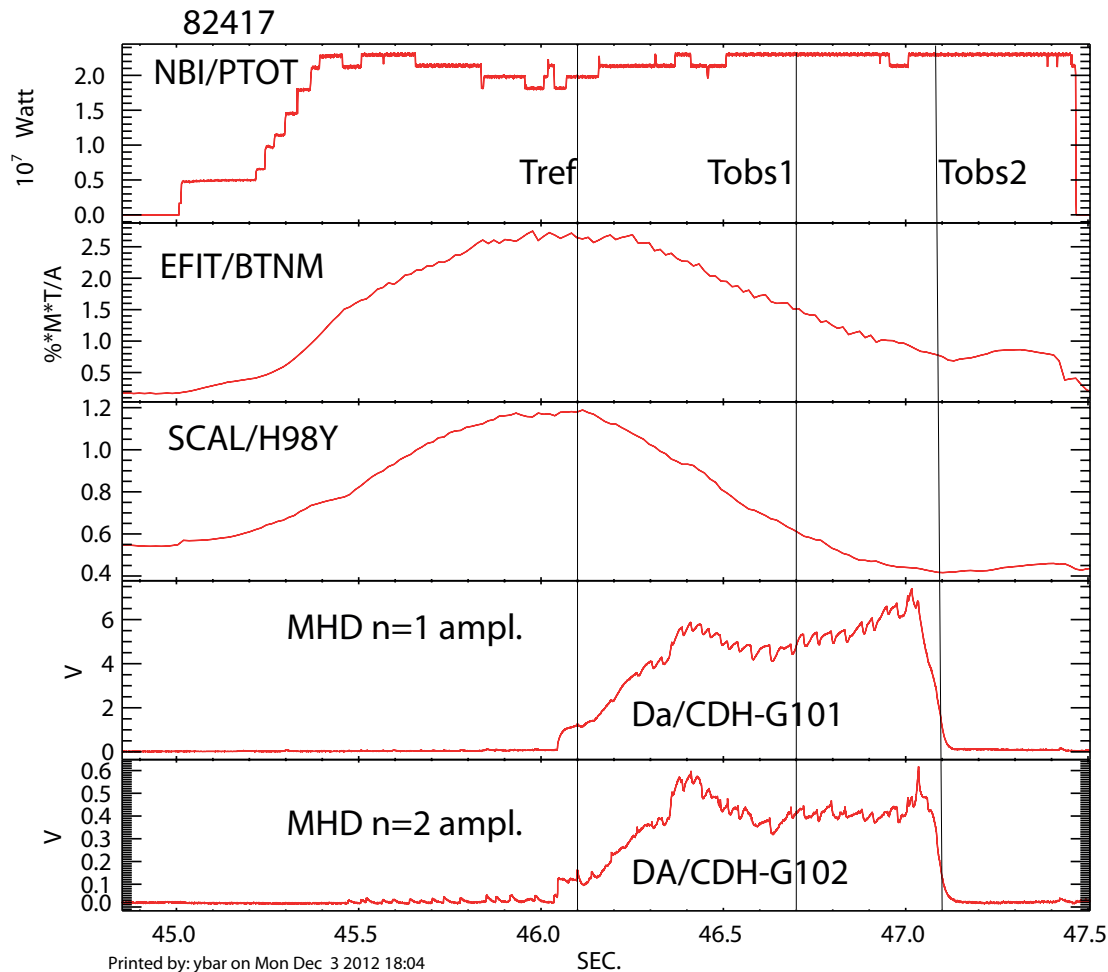


Correlation between radiation peaking and difference in measured ZEFH and ZEFV

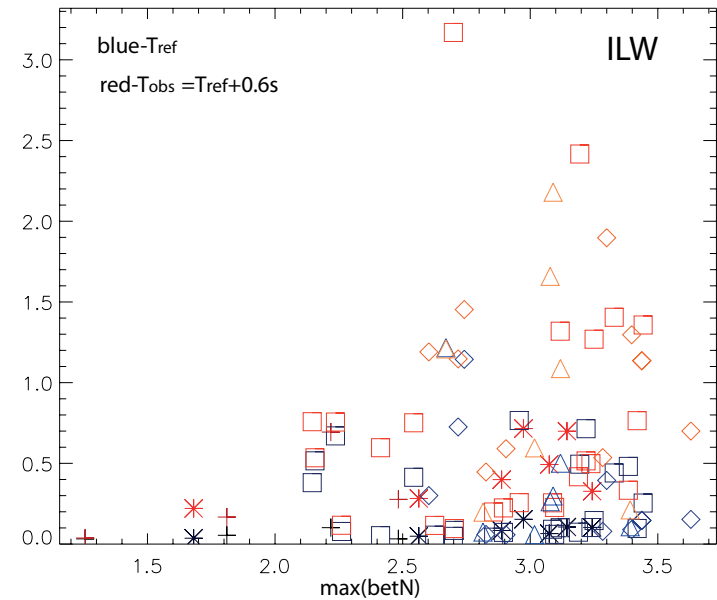




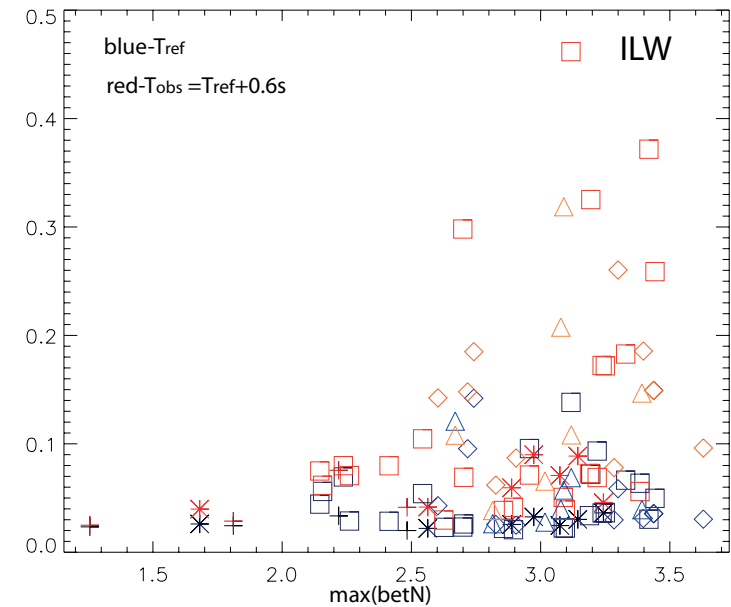
Amplitude of n=1 and n=2 mode at Tref at max(betN) and Tobs=Tref+0.6s in hybrid pulses with ILW



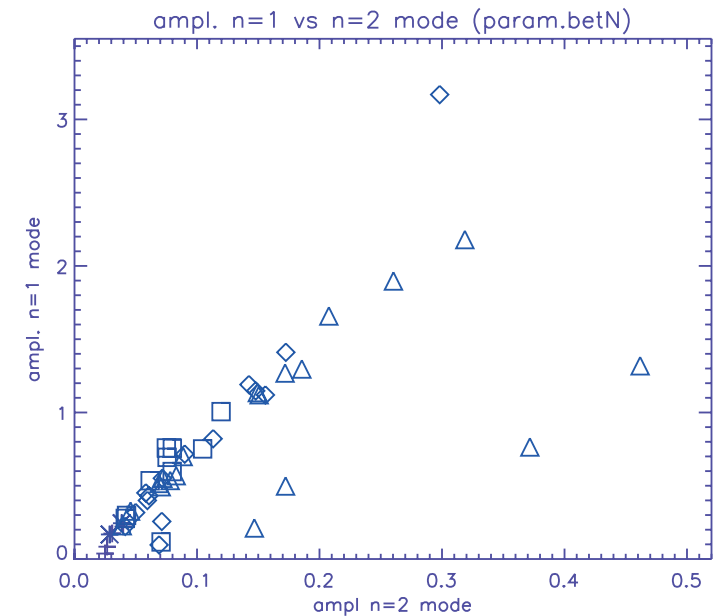
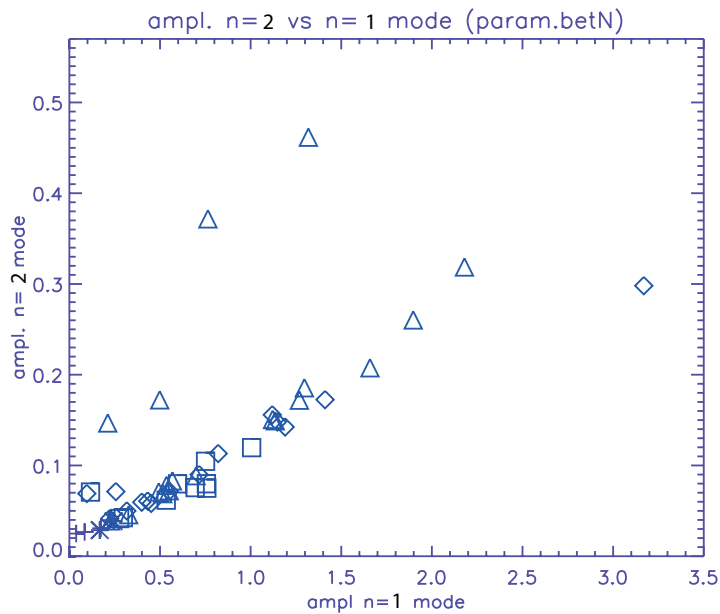
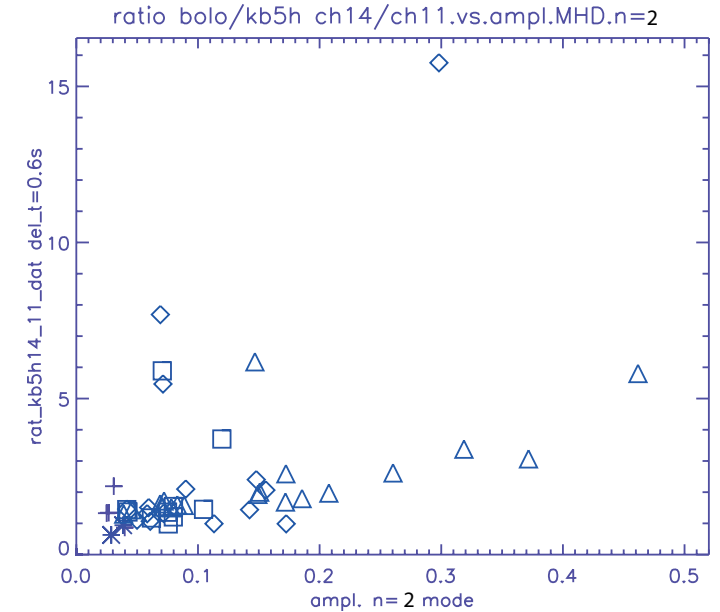
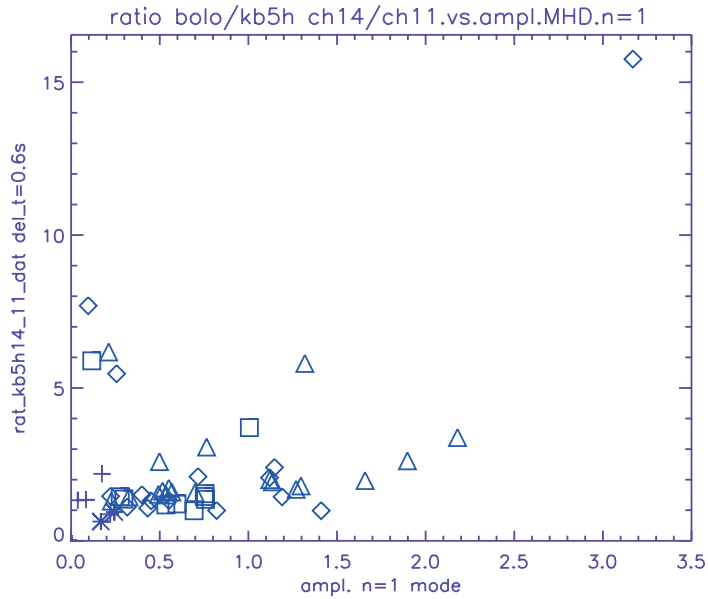
ampl MHD n=1 mode vs. max(betN) (param. Pnb)



ampl MHD n=2 mode vs. max(betN) (param. Pnb)



Correlation
between radiation
peaking and MHD
at
 $T_{obs} = T_{ref} + 0.6s$



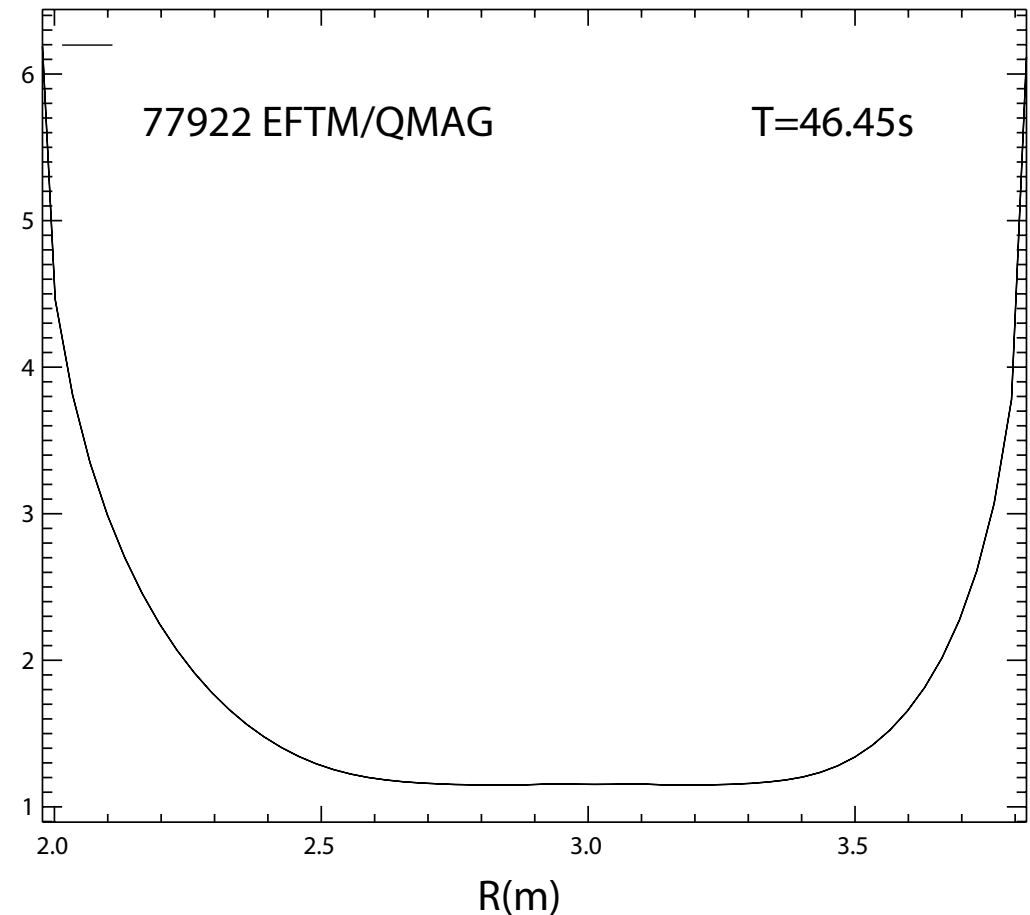
Intermediate summary:

- Impurity (W) accumulation and radiation peaking in the core is observed in all hybrid pulses with improved confinement $H_{98Y} > 1.1$
- MHD is stronger in high beta hybrid pulses with improved confinement $H_{98Y} > 1.1$ with ILW
- MHD, impurity and radiation correlate with confinement degradation in all hybrid pulses at $H_{98Y} > 1.1$ with ILW

WHY ?

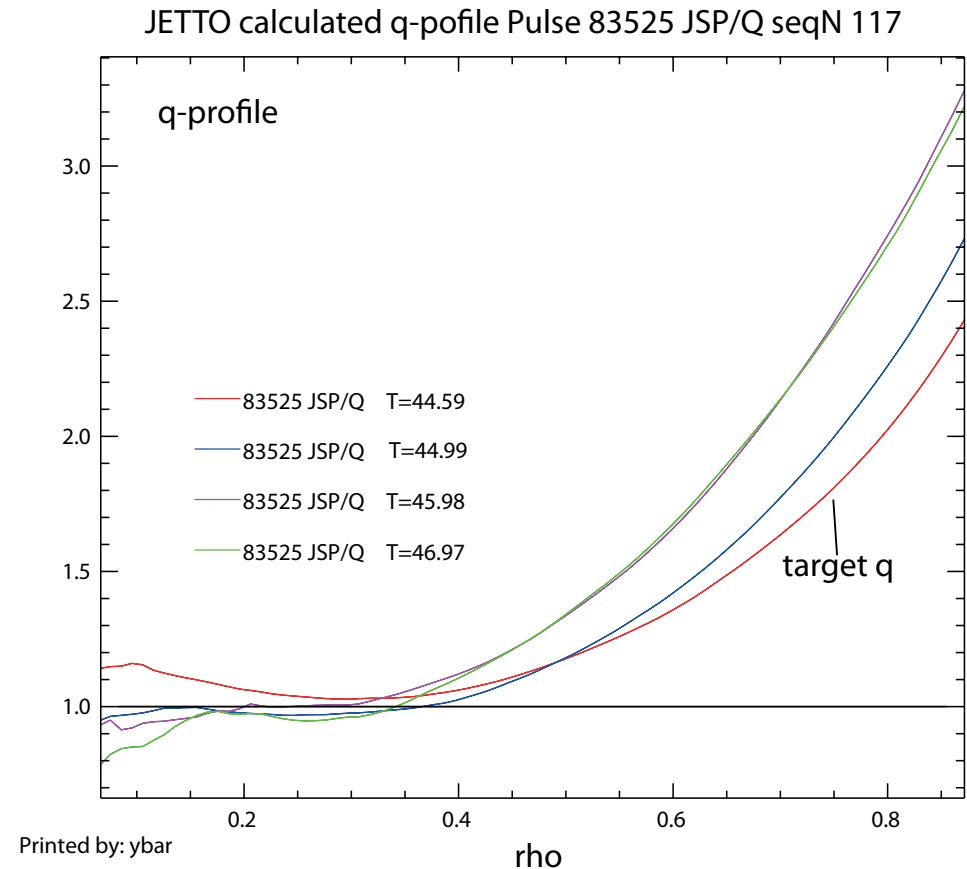
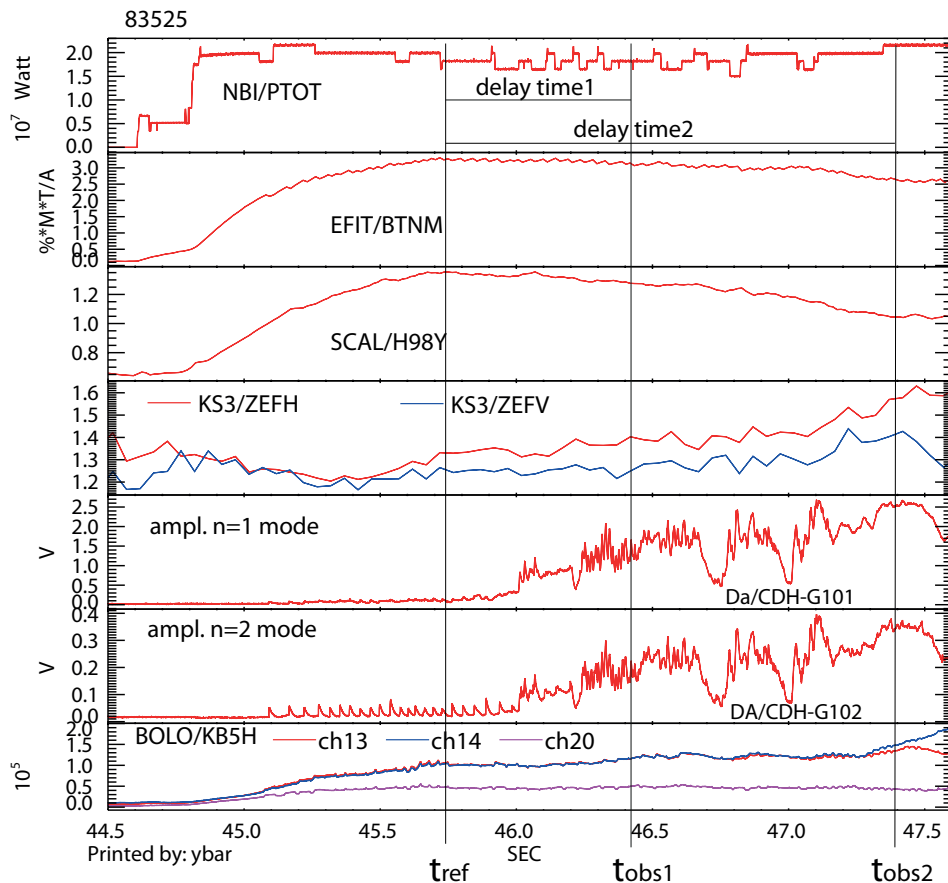
- A confinement in Hybrid pulses strongly depends on the shape of the target q-profile.
- The target q-profile is formed during the current ramp-up phase
- The q-profile with a broad low shear region near $q=1$ in the plasma core and large shear at the edge provides condition for achieving highest confinement, β_N and bootstrap fraction

Almost ideal q-profile



Typical case:

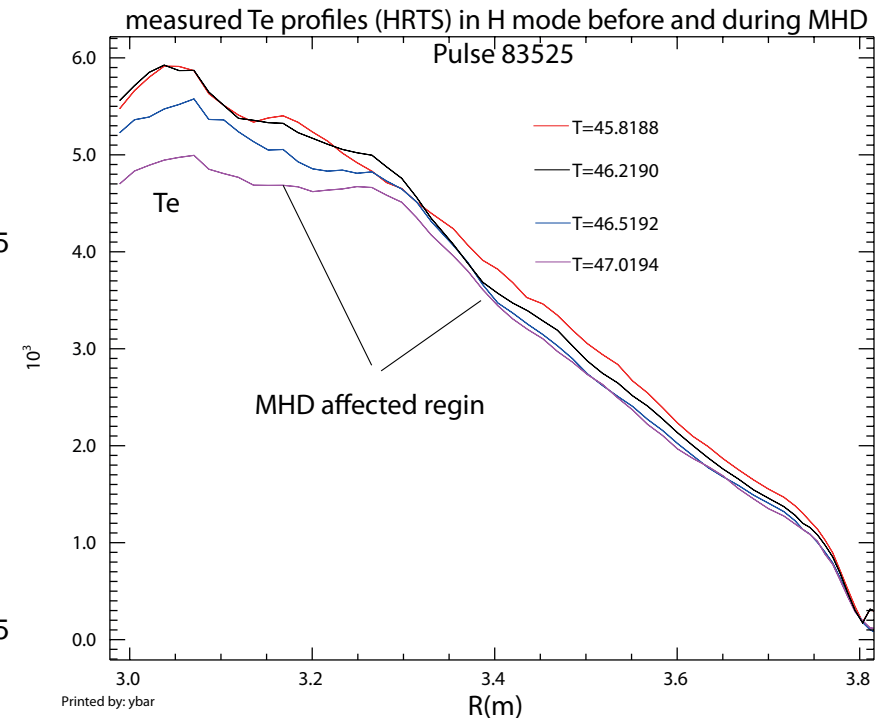
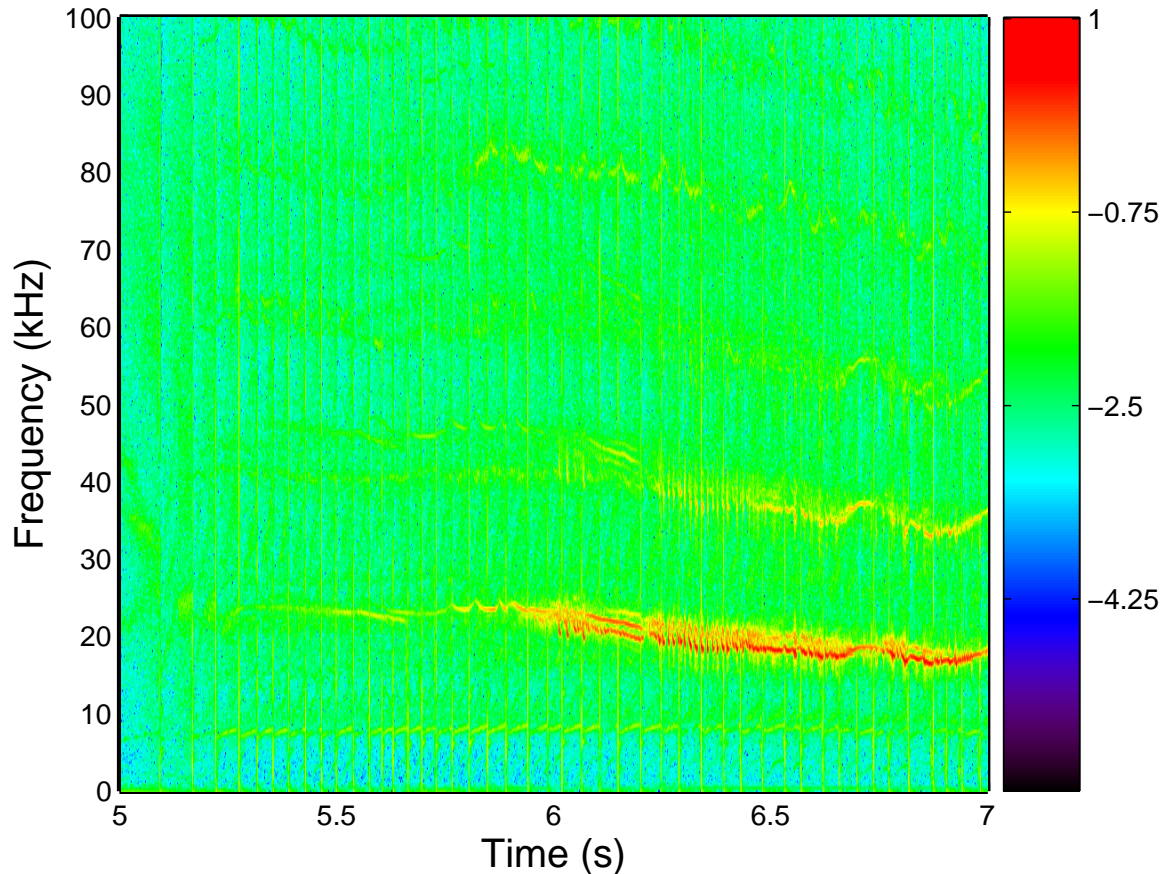
- Almost ideal target q profile has been formed
- The q remains around q=1 in the core for a long time.
- Such profiles are prone to MHD.



Typical case:

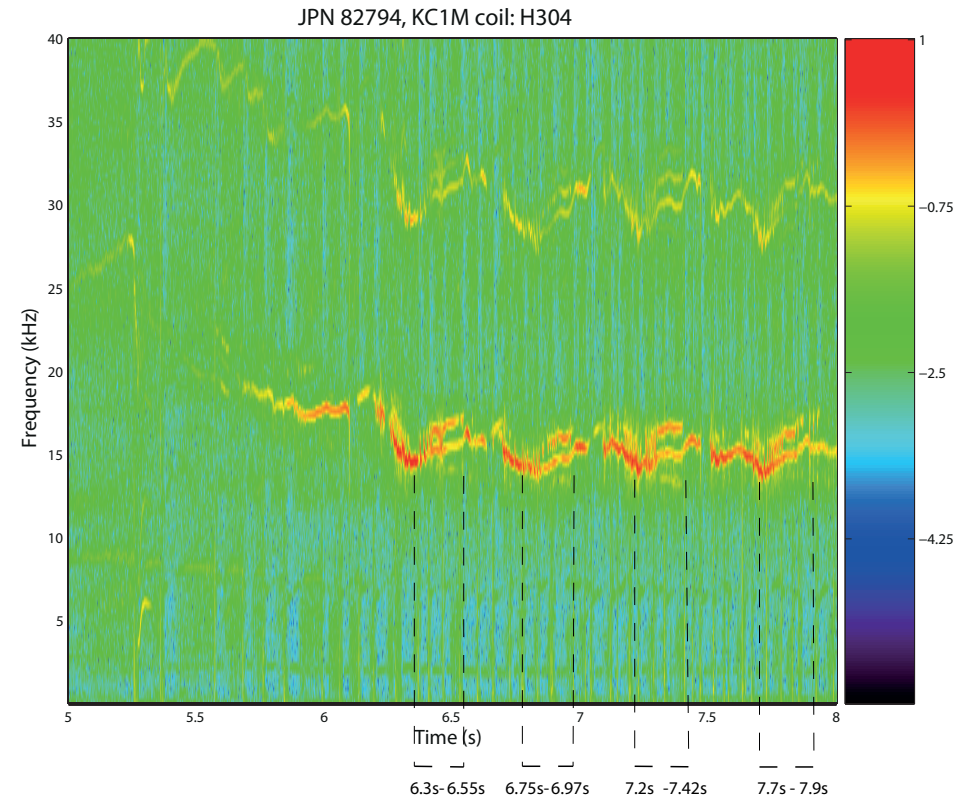
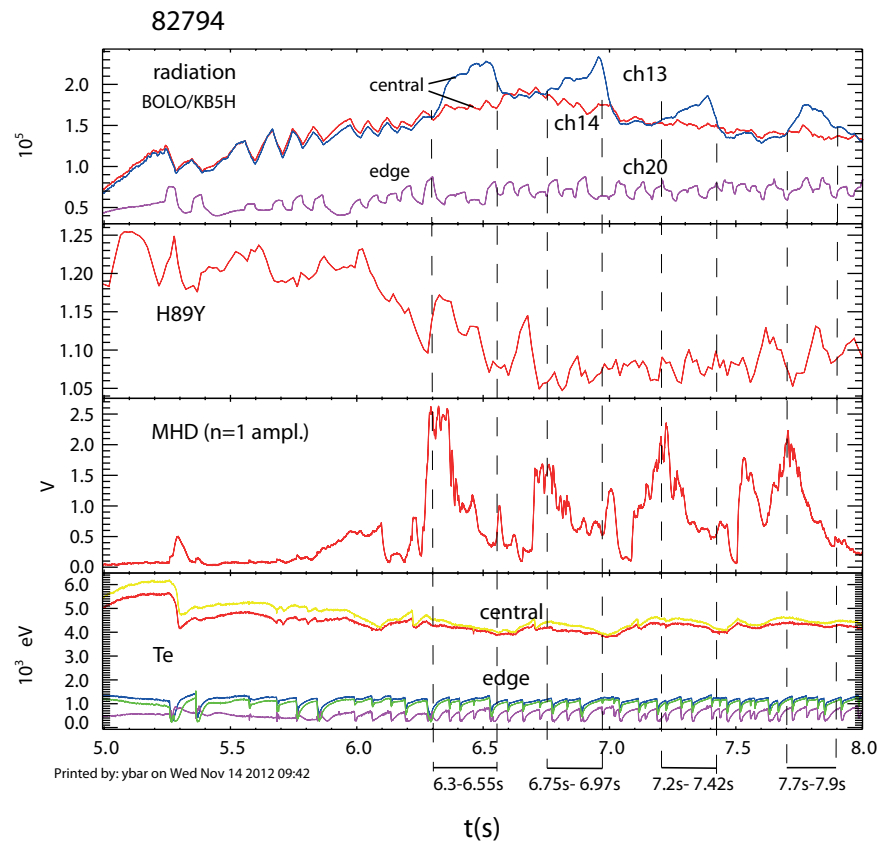
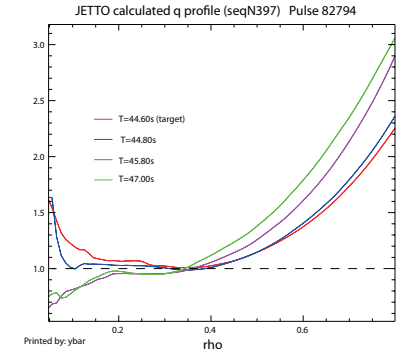
- Tearing modes may be triggered in the presence of impurities
- MHD (possibly tearing mode) cause temperature perturbation and confinement degradation

JPN 83525, KC1M coil: H304





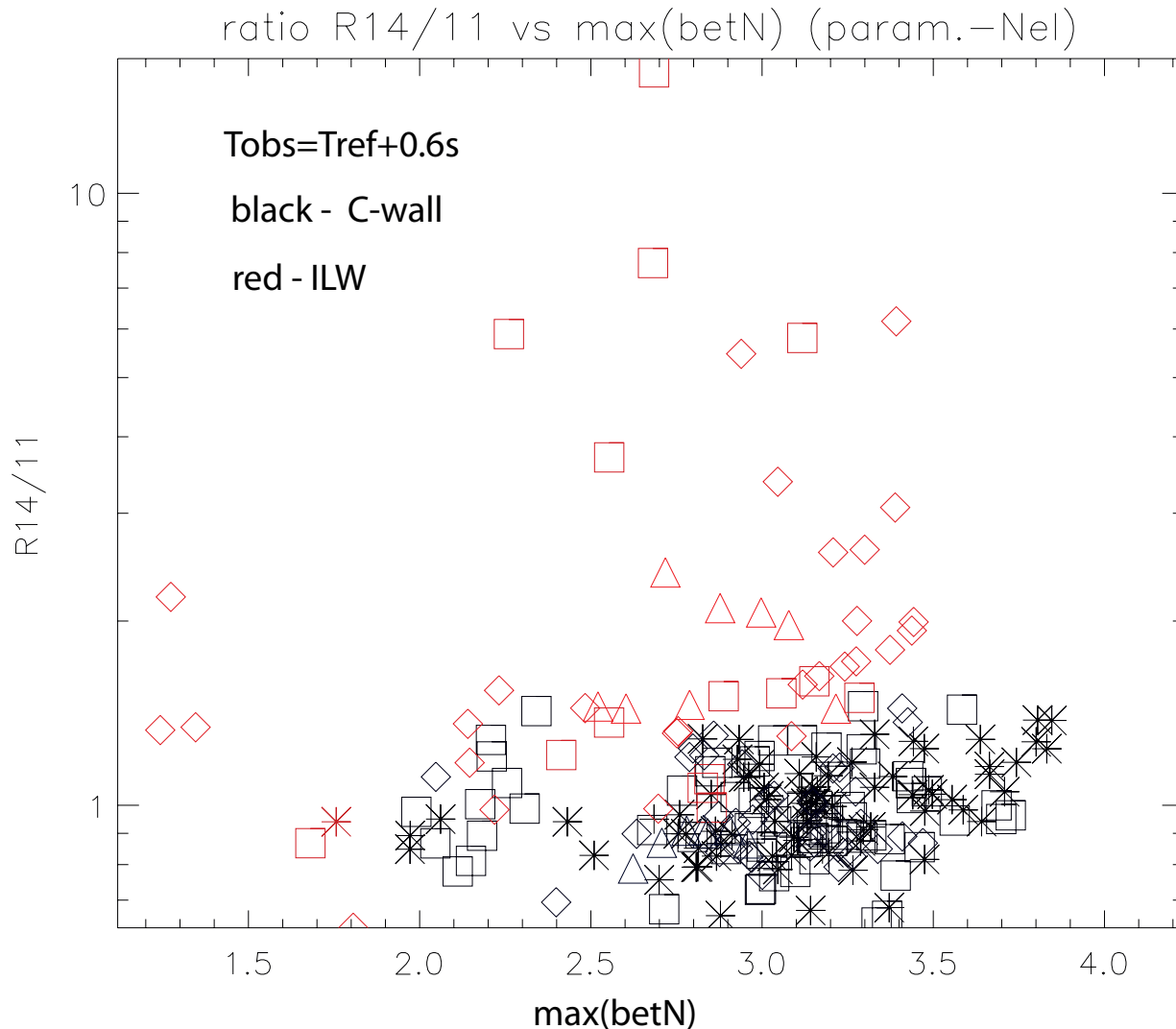
- The q-profile with wide flat region around q=1 has been formed and maintained during high power phase.
- Such q profile is prone to MHD
- Periodically the q-profile crossed q=1 in several points
- Double /triple tearing-like modes have been excited
- Tearing modes caused strong impurity and radiation peaking





What is the difference between ILW
and C-wall hybrid pulses ?

Radiation peaking in hybrid pulses with C-wall and ILW

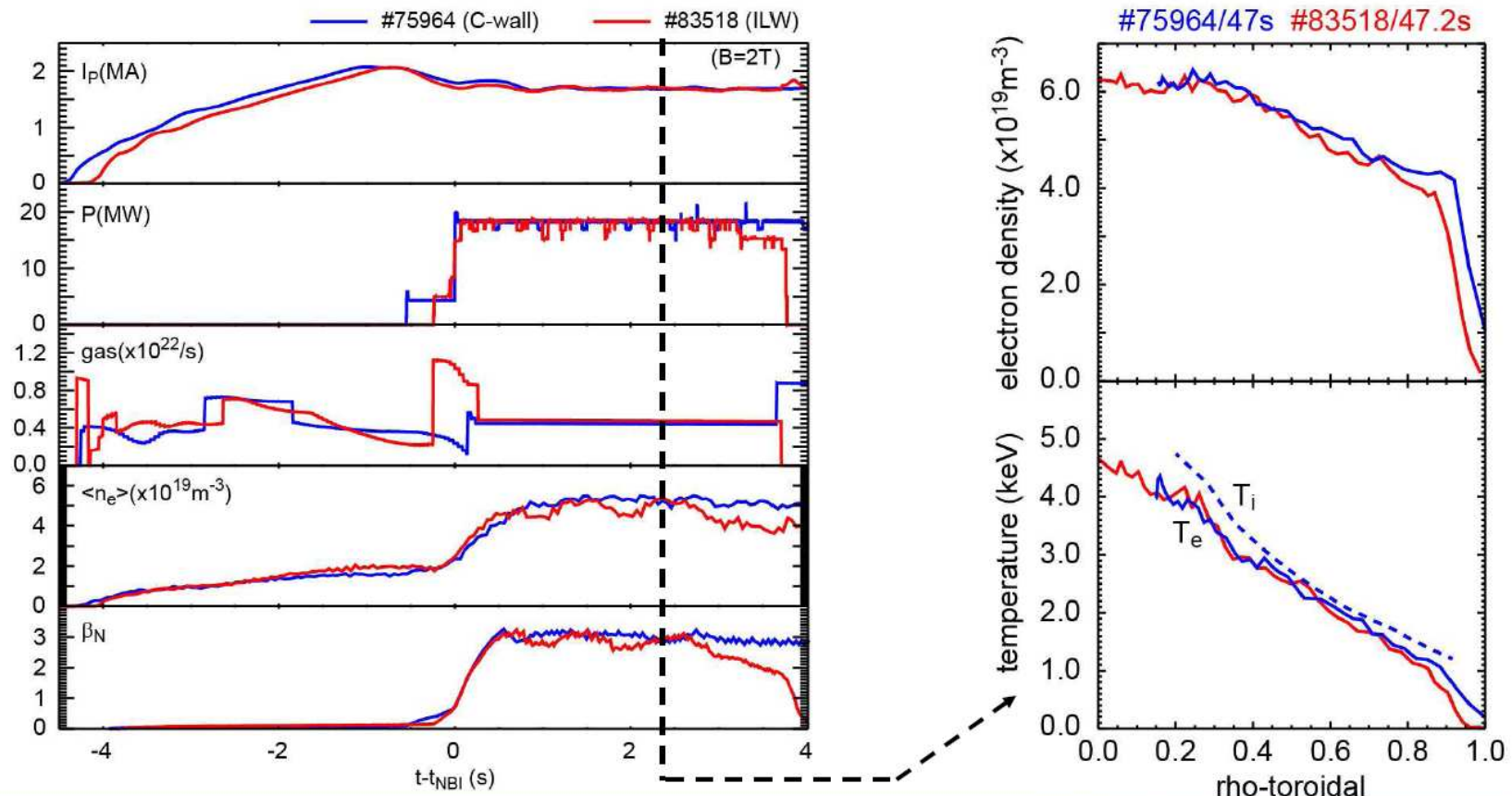


- no peaking in C-wall pulses
- strong peaking in ILW



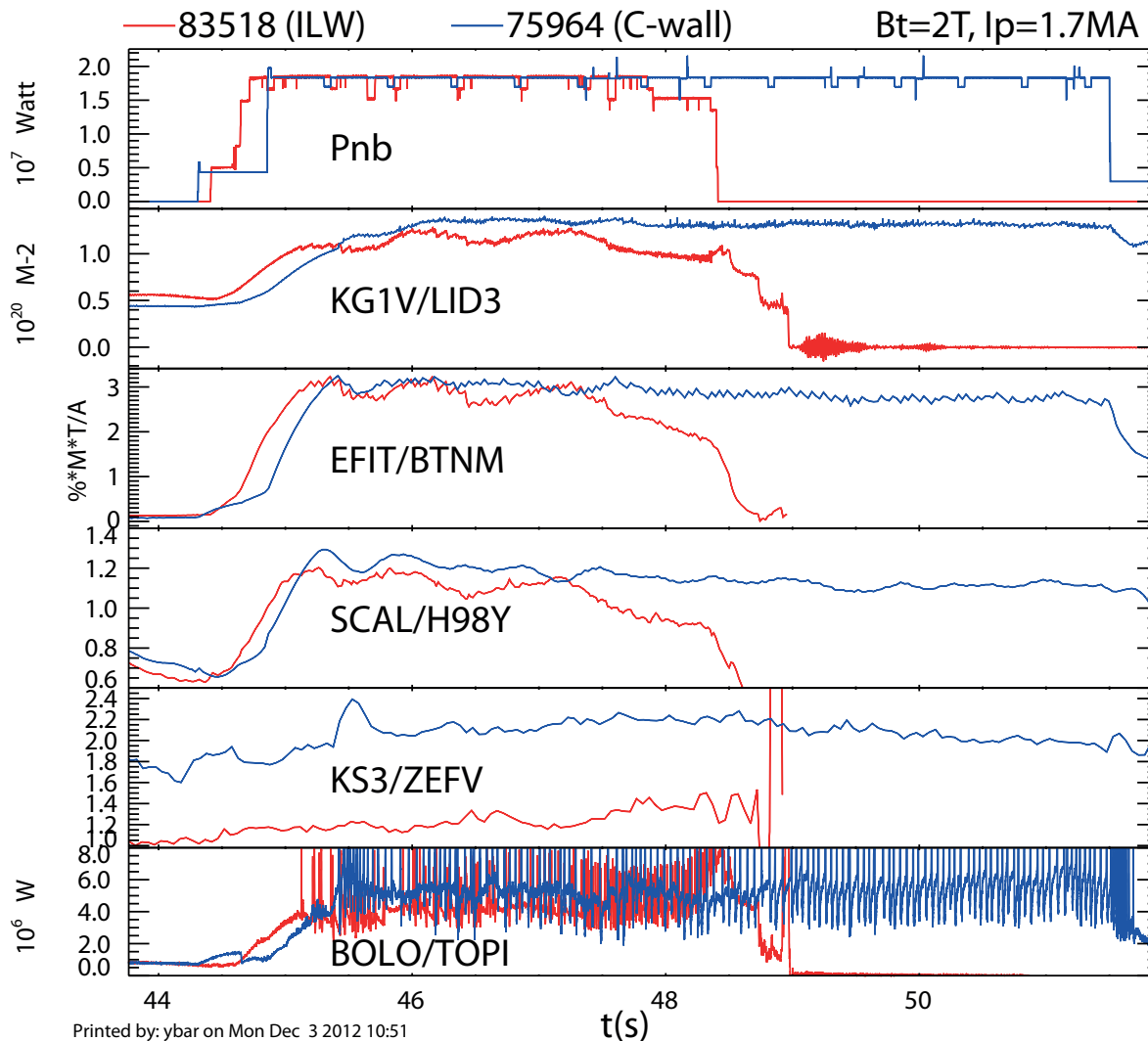
C-wall / ILW comparison : High δ

- High δ hybrid with same gas, power, I_p , B_T ... but ILW using tile-5
- Similar performance and profiles, but less stable with ILW due to core radiation





Comparison of ILW and C-wall case



C-wall

MHD –benign

Core radiation - small

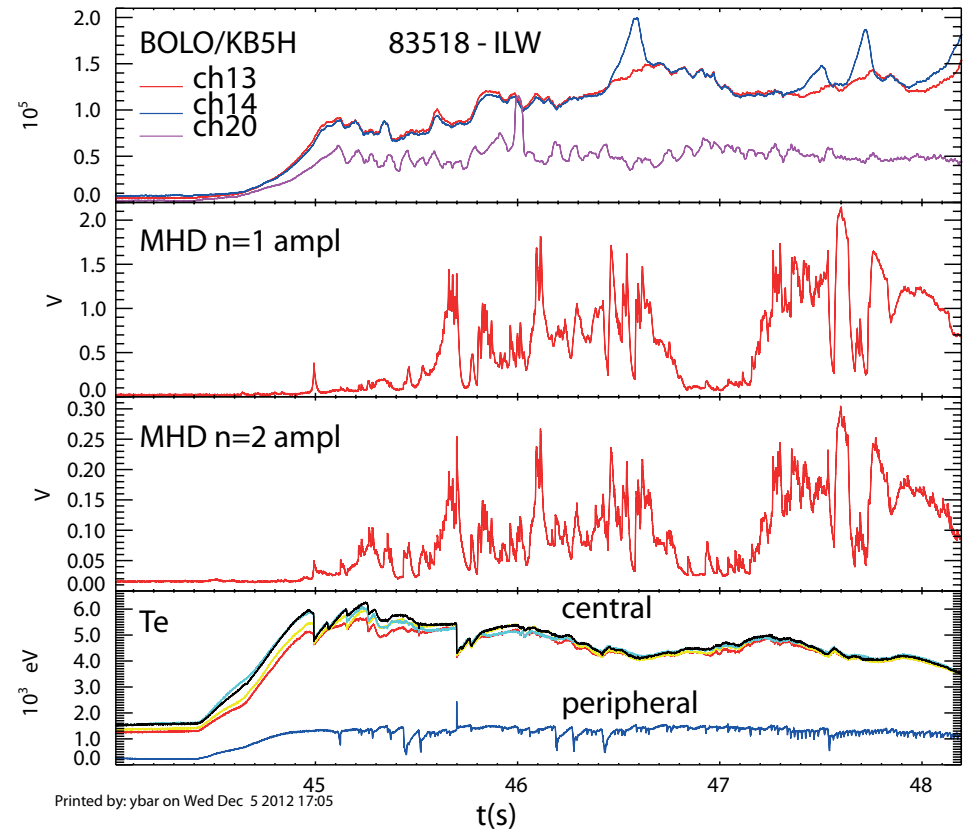
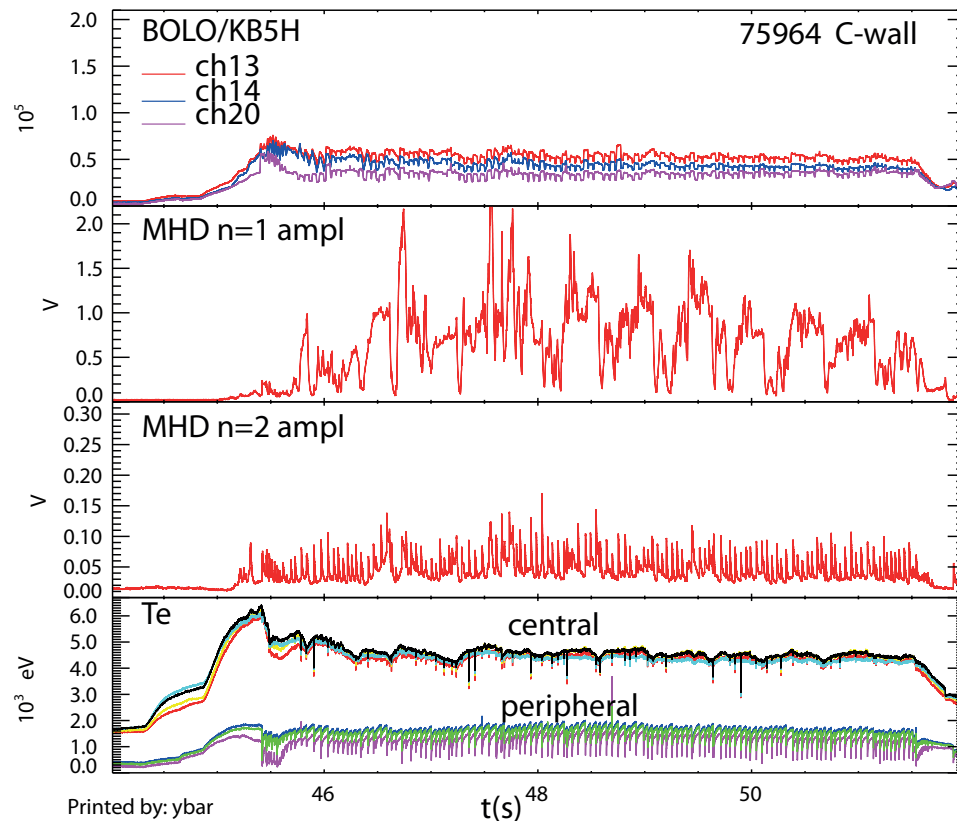
Good performance and quasi-steady state achieved

ILW

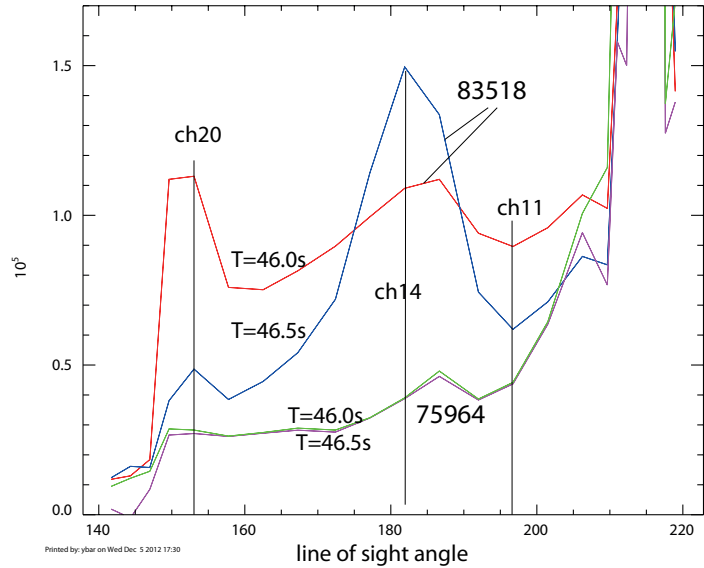
MHD affect radiation, Te

Core radiation - large

Confinement is degraded by MHD
Pulse terminated by radiation

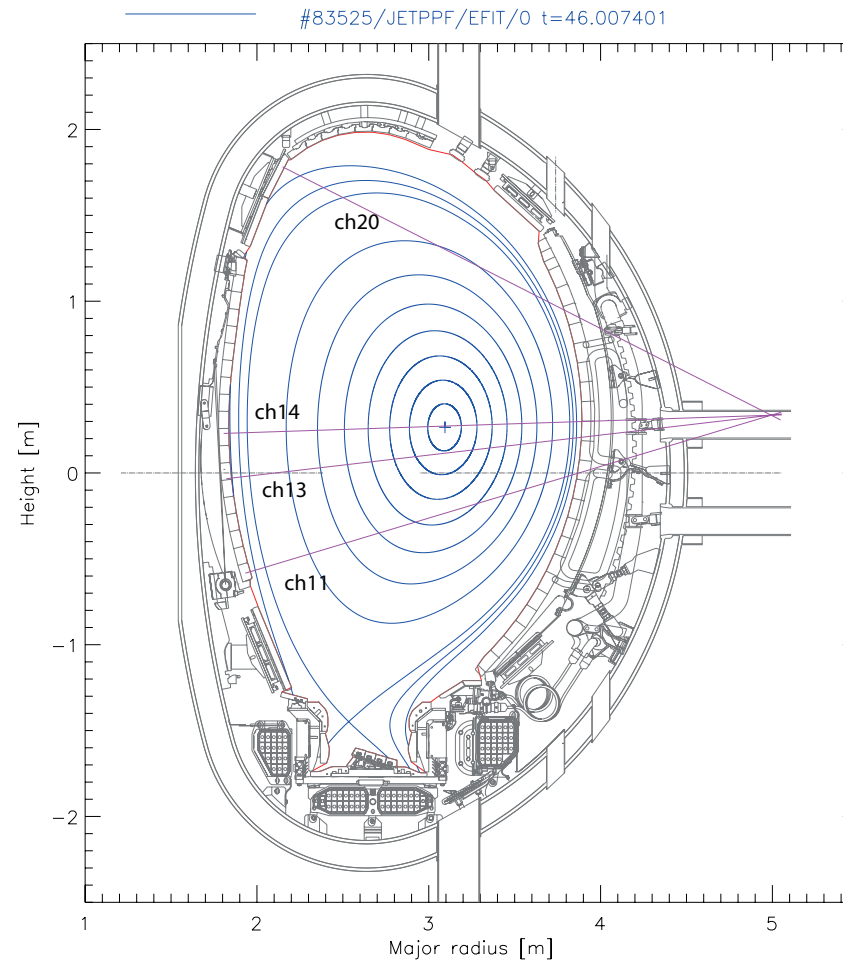
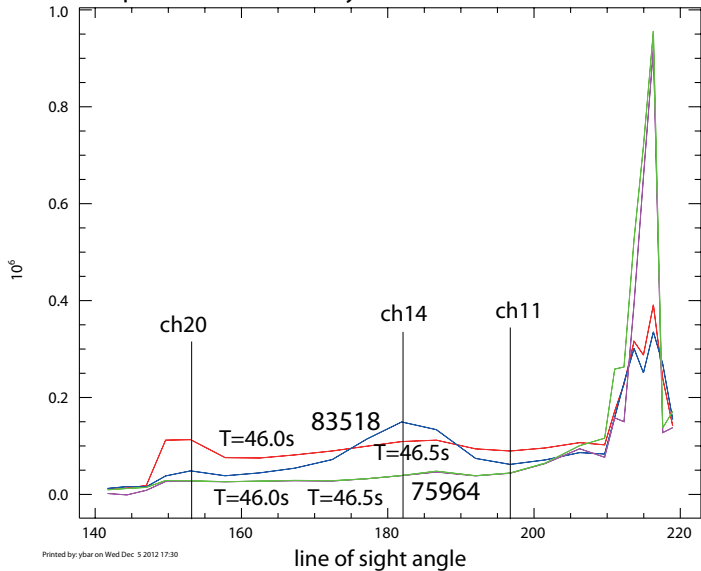


Radiation profiles measured by Bolometer horizontal camera

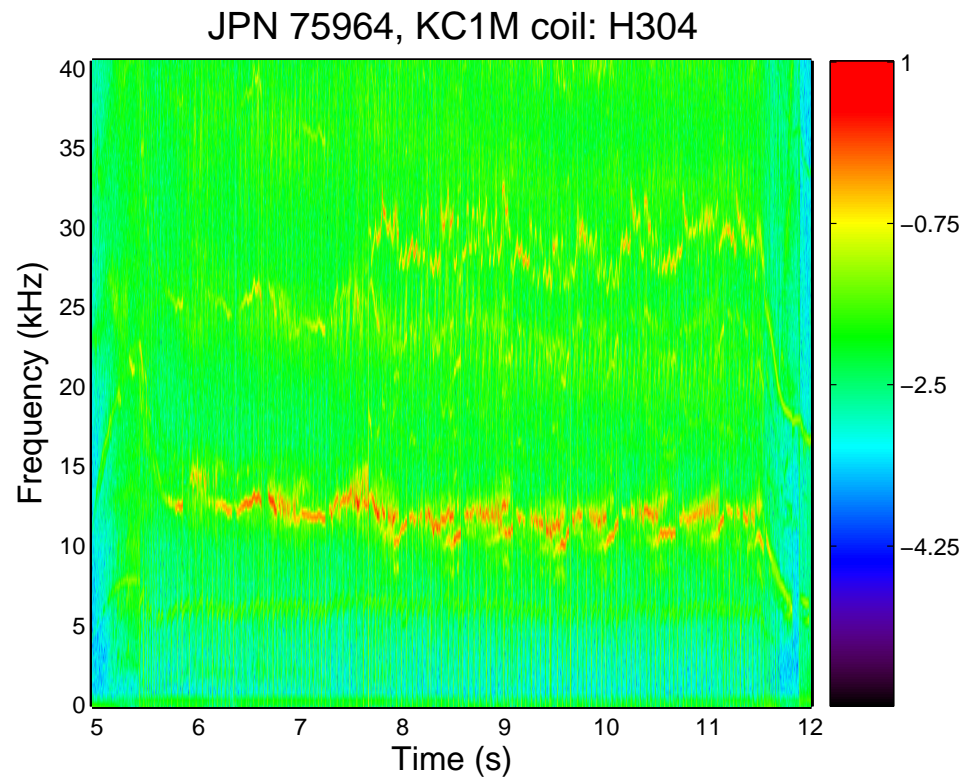


Core radiation is much larger and divertor radiation is much smaller in hybrid pulses with ILW than in C-wall

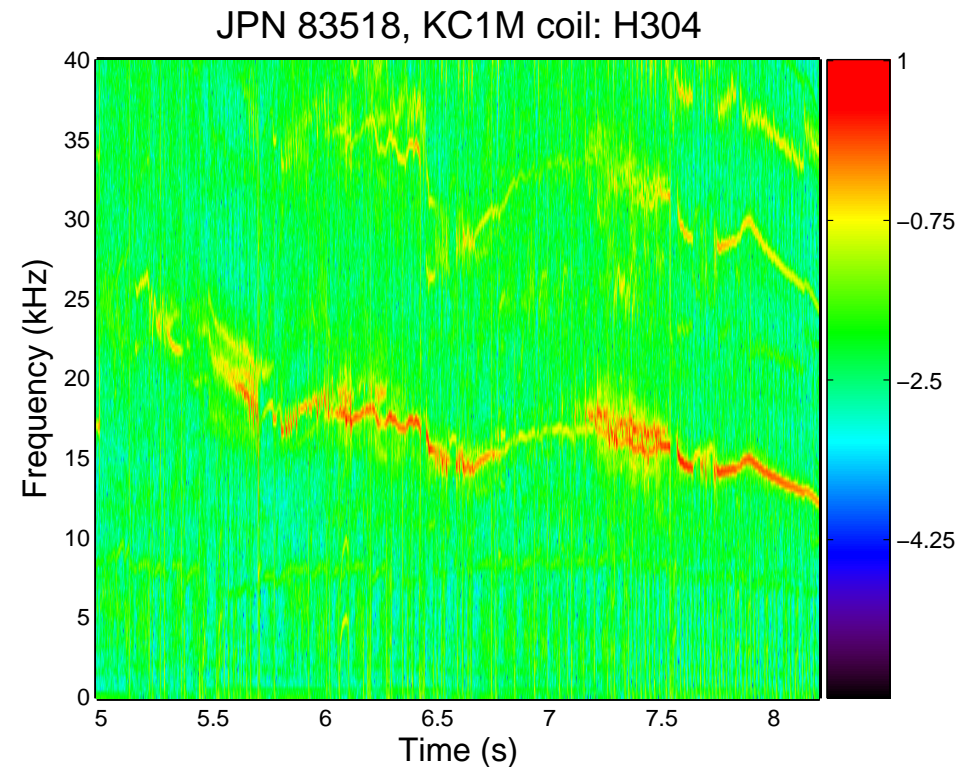
Radiation profiles measured by Bolometer horizontal camera



- MHD frequency split may indicate a formation of tearing-like modes in ILW hybrid pulses. Tearing modes are most damaging for confinement and impurity peaking
- MHD frequency reduction may indicate the toroidal rotation slowing down in ILW



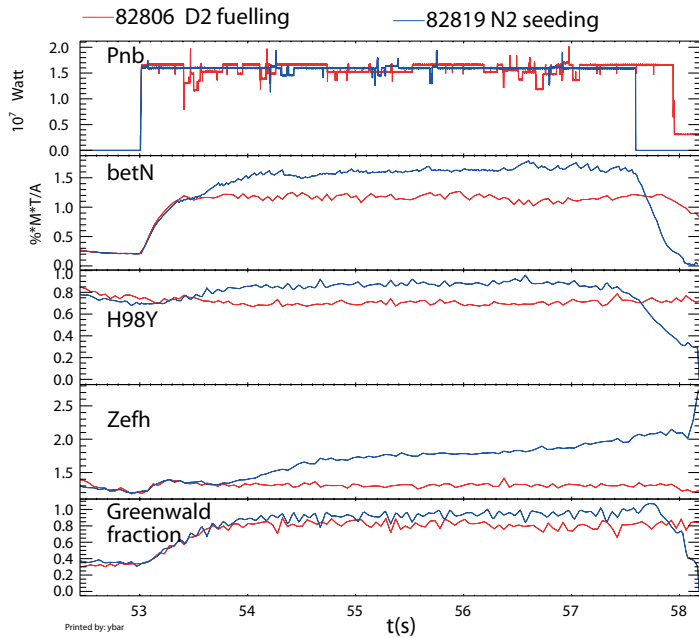
C-wall



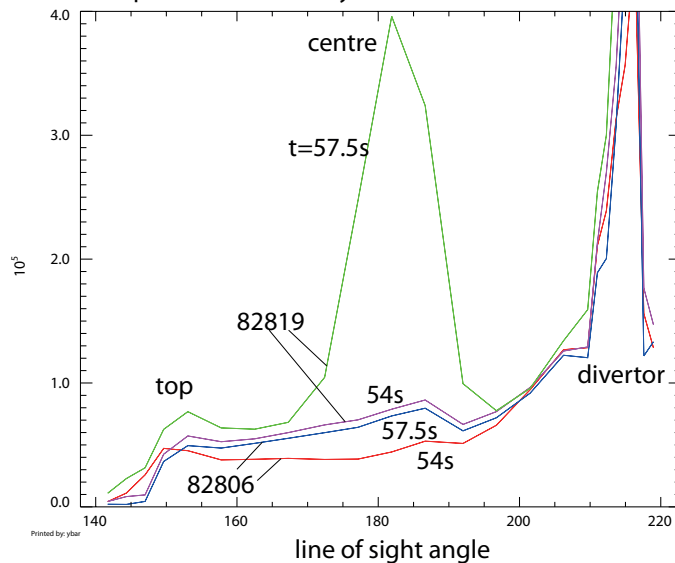
ILW



- There are dozens of high β_N quasi-steady state hybrid pulses with good confinement with C-wall
- MHD causes significant confinement degradation in all high β_N pulses with ILW
- MHD is transformed from benign kink mode in C-wall to destructive tearing-like modes with ILW
- Heavy impurity content (W) is one of the main differences between C-wall and ILW
- Peaking of Z_{eff} is a plausible cause for changing MHD behaviour



Radiation profile measured by horizontal bolometer camera

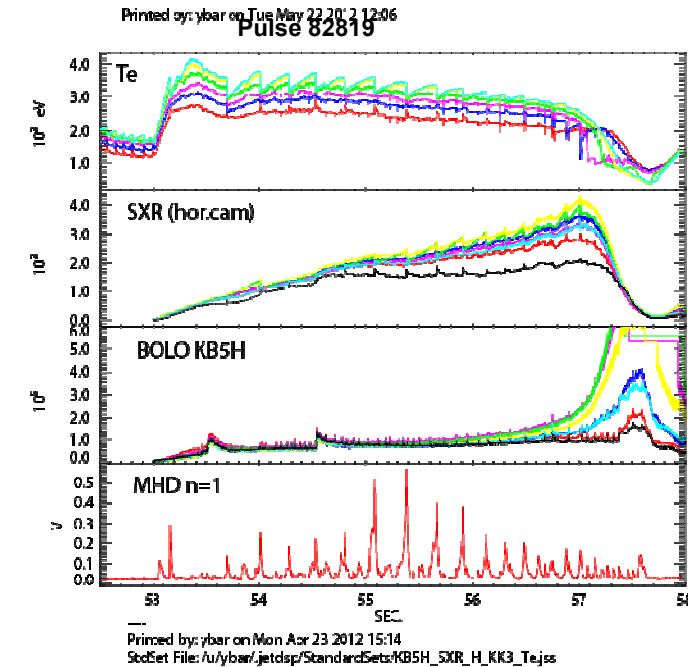
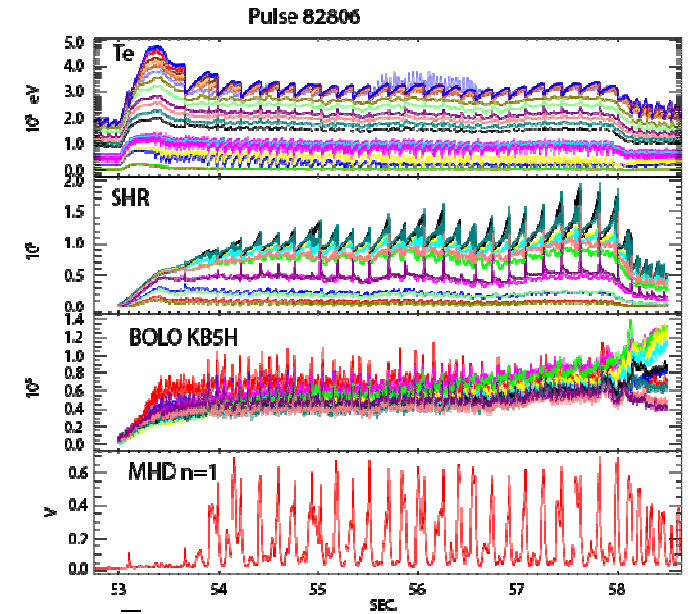


W accumulation and peaking stronger in pulses with higher confinement in baseline as in hybrid pulses

betN - relatively small

MHD does not appear to be a problem

The q-profile profile in the core and betN level are the main differences between hybrid and baseline defining MHD behaviour



- W accumulation in the core continues until radiative collapse in baseline scenario pulses with good confinement
- There is no confinement degradation due to strong MHD (in some pulses such MHD occurs during the collapse)

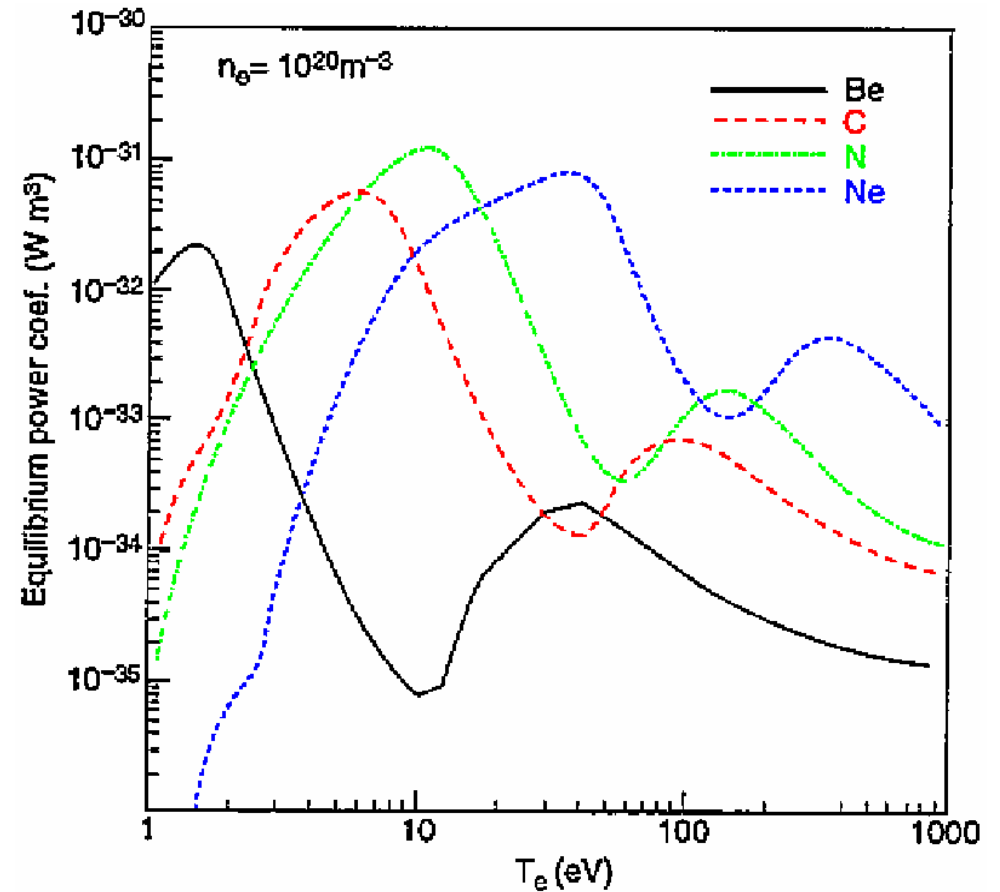
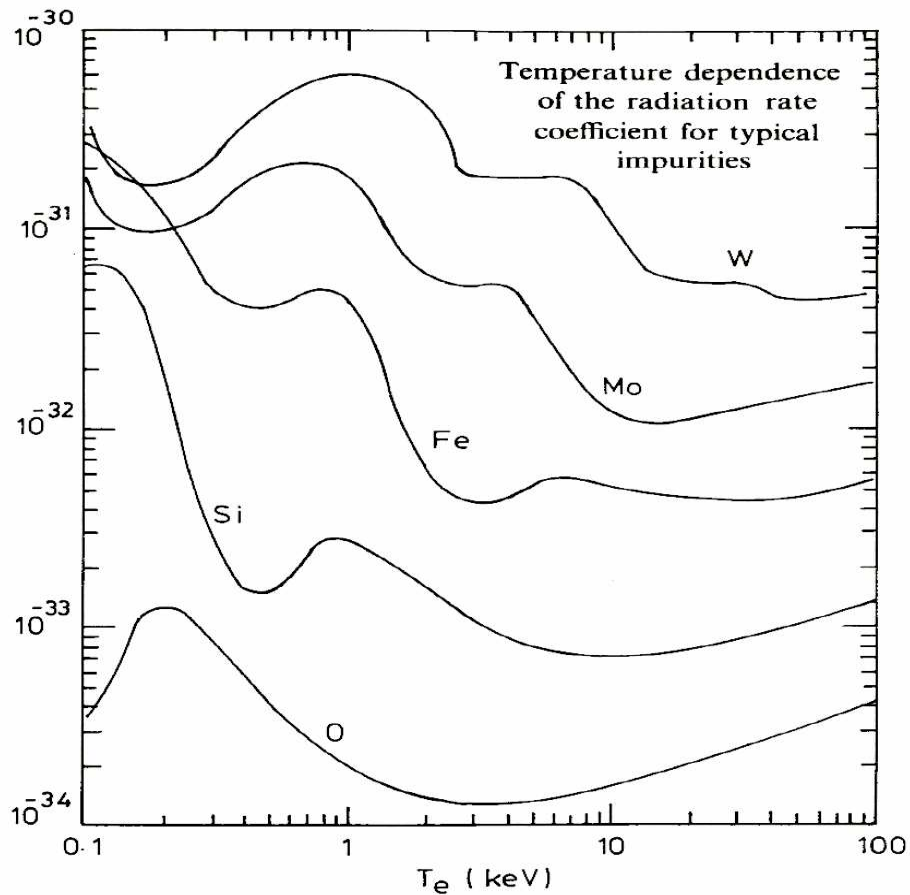
Conclusions:

- Tungsten is accumulated in all ILW hybrid pulses if confinement is good ($H98Y > 1.1$) causing increase in the core radiation.
- MHD is excited in all ILW hybrid pulses with high β_N and good confinement due to a combination of flat q profile ($q \sim 1$) and presence of heavy impurities in the core
- Benign kink-like mode (observed in hybrid pulses with C-wall) is transformed to tearing like mode (Fishbone-?) in the presence of heavy impurities (W) in ILW.
- Such MHD cause β_N and confinement degradation and stronger heavy impurity peaking near magnetic axis.
- Further W accumulation in the core (h.p. with ILW) is reduced due to the confinement degradation and a quasi-steady state regime is possible at the reduced confinement and β_N
- W accumulation in baseline scenario with ILW does not cause excitation of destructive MHD until irreversible radiative collapse

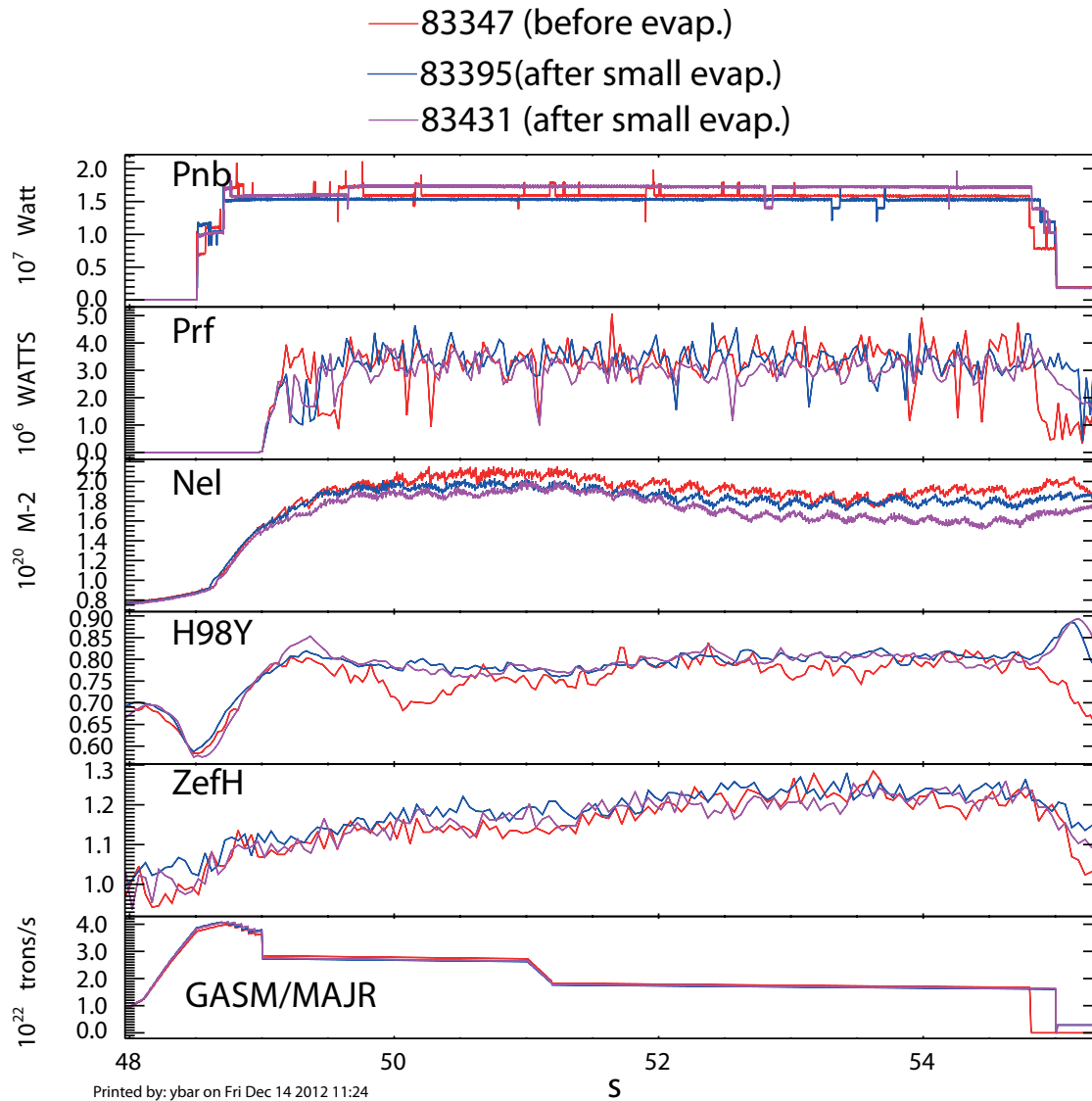
Tungsten accumulation must be reduced using:

- 1) Beryllium evaporation. There is positive result from first tests
- 2) W screening by light impurities (first result of the modelling is available).
- 3) Application of central ICRH heating.

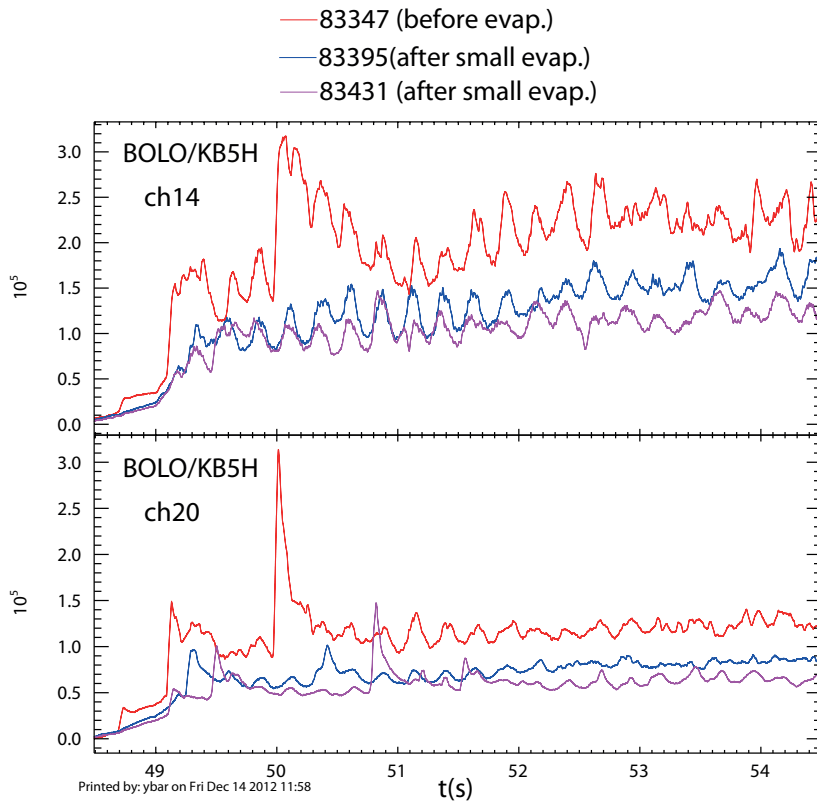
Radiation rate of heavy and light impurities



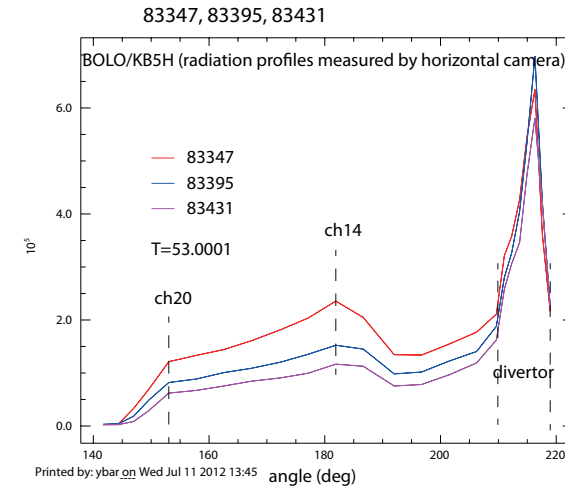
* see for details: "Confinement and W accumulation in hybrid pulses"
http://users.jet.efda.org/pages/tfe1e2/TF_E1E2_Meetings/2012/29May12/Baranov_290512.ppt



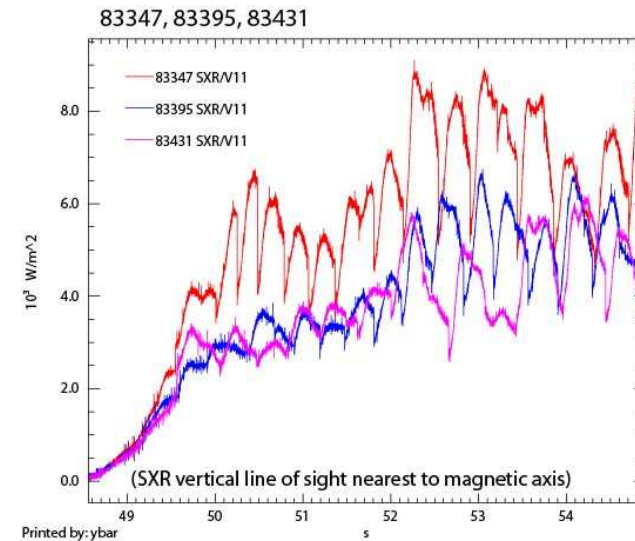
Be evaporation reduces core radiation ->
reduces tungsten content



Effect of radiation event (83347 at 50s)
does not affect general tendency as it
disappears after ~1s



bolometer



SXR